

# NPK V-SERIES CRUSHER

# SERVICE MANUAL MODEL V250R

"Use Genuine NPK Parts"



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### **SAFETY**



Safety notices in NPK Instruction Manuals follow ISO and ANSI standards for safety warnings:



DANGER (red) notices indicate an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING (orange) notices indicate a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in death or serious injury**.



CAUTION (yellow) notices indicate a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, **may result in minor or moderate injury.** 



ATTENTION (blue) notices in NPK Instruction Manuals are an NPK standard to alert the reader to situations which, if not avoided, **could result in equipment damage**.

WARNING – FALLING OR FLYING DEBRIS decals are included with each NPK CONCRETE CRUSHER. The decal must be installed in the cab, visible to the operator. WARNING - STAY CLEAR decals are installed on all NPK CRUSHER. Keep them clean and visible. NPK will provide decals free of charge as needed.



# **AWARNING**

FALLING OR FLYING DEBRIS decal is included with each NPK CRUSHER. The decal (part number H100-7210) must be installed in the cab, visible to the operator.



# **AWARNING**

STAY CLEAR decal (part number H100-7200) is installed on all NPK CRUSHER, Shears, and Material Processors. Keep them clean and visible. NPK will provide decals free of charge as needed.

# **A WARNING**

### **OPERATION**

- 1. Operator personnel must read and understand the **NPK INSTRUCTION MANUAL** to prevent serious or fatal injury.
- 2. FLYING OR FALLING DEBRIS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS OR FATAL INJURY. Keep personnel and bystanders clear of the CRUSHER while in operation.
- 3. Do not operate CRUSHER without an impact resistant shield between the CONCRETE CRUSHER and operator. Operate with extreme caution near walls or columns that may collapse and near concrete and debris that may fall.
- 4. Operate the CRUSHER from the operator's seat only.
- 5. Use two people whenever operator visibility is limited, one to operate the CRUSHER, the other to guide operations.
- 6. Do not leave a load suspended in air.
- 7. **Do not** pass a load over people, vehicles, etc.
- 8. **Do not** operate the CRUSHER within reach of power lines.
- 9. **Do not** climb, sit, or ride on the CRUSHER.



Warning Decal for Cab Installation

# **A** CAUTION

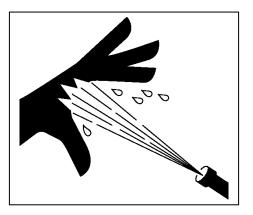
- 10. Match the CRUSHER size to excavator according to NPK recommendations. The excavator must be stable during CRUSHER operation and during transport. See CARRIER COMPATIBILITY section of the NPK instruction manual.
- 11. **Do not** operate without inspection (access) covers in place.
- 12. Be especially cautious around hydraulic lines. Hydraulic oil can be extremely **HOT!**Avoid skin contact with hydraulic oil. It can cause severe burns!
- 13. Protect hands and body from hydraulic fluids under pressure. Escaping high pressure fluid can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury. Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting any lines. Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard, or other object. If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately! Hydraulic fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.
- 14. The pressure generated by the power intensifier on the CRUSHER exceeds 10,000 psi (690 bar), which is higher than commonly encountered on hydraulic equipment. To avoid bodily harm and/or injury when conducting inspection checks, use gauges, hoses and fittings rated at 15,000 psi (1035 bar). For parts replacement, use only genuine NPK replacement parts. Contact NPK Service Department at (440) 232-7900.
- 15. When removing or installing mounting pins, beware of flying metal chips.

### **SAFETY**

### **MAINTENANCE**

# **A** CAUTION

- 1. Use only NPK supplied replacement parts. NPK specifically disclaims any responsibility for bodily injury or CRUSHER damage that results from the use of parts not sold or approved by NPK.
- 2. Use extreme caution in handling. A fully assembled CRUSHER can weigh up to 5 tons (4-1/2 metric tons). Sub-assemblies range in weight from hundreds to thousands of pounds. To avoid bodily harm, use lifting and securing mechanisms of adequate capacity to support loads. Seek the aid of an assistant as much as possible, and always when handling heavier sub-assemblies.
- 3. Use extreme caution when changing jaw sets, particularly in the field. Employ lifting and securing mechanisms of adequate capacity to support the jaw sets. At least two people are required to change a jaw set safely in the field.
- 4. Wear safety glasses and protective clothing when working on the CRUSHER. Wear thermal-protective gloves when handling heated parts.
- 5. Prevent exposure to hazardous fumes. Remove all paint, grease, and oil before heating, cutting, or welding on the CRUSHER.
- 6. Be especially cautious around hydraulic lines. Hydraulic oil can be extremely **HOT!**Avoid skin contact with hydraulic oil. It can cause severe burns!
- 7. Protect hands and body from hydraulic fluids under pressure. Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury. Avoid the hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting any lines. Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard, or other object. If an accident occurs, see a doctor immediately! Hydraulic fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result!



- 8. The pressure generated by the power intensifier on the CRUSHER exceeds **10,000 psi (690 bar)**, which is higher than commonly encountered on hydraulic equipment. To avoid bodily harm and/or injury when conducting inspection checks, use gauges, hoses and fittings rated at 15,000 psi (1035 bar). For parts replacement, use only genuine NPK replacement parts. Contact NPK Service Department at (440) 232-7900.
- 9. When removing or installing mounting pins, beware of flying metal chips.

### **SAFETY**

### **MAINTENANCE**

STANDARD PRACTICES

### **ATTENTION**

Maintenance of and repairs to the CRUSHER should be performed by an experienced service technician, thoroughly familiar with all standard practices and procedures, and most importantly, all safety precautions. The following is a review of common standard practices to be followed when working with hydraulic equipment and is not meant to be all-inclusive. Rather, this review is presented as a reminder as to some of the unique characteristics of hydraulic equipment.

- The prevention of foreign contaminant damage is critical when working with hydraulic equipment. Protect exposed holes and parts to guard against entry of foreign contaminants. Thoroughly clean the work area.
- Mark the location and position of mating parts as an aid to re-assembly. Mark corresponding parts uniquely to reflect their relationship, including proper location, position, orientation, and/or alignment.

### <u>DO:</u>

- During assembly, observe all markings made during disassembly, and all corresponding features of mating parts to ensure proper location, position, orientation, and alignment.
- During disassembly of a sub-assembly, place removed components on a clean, dry surface, in proper relative position as an aid in re-assembly.
- Always inspect threaded areas on components. Repair or replace as required.
- Use care to avoid scratches, nicks, dents, or other damage to machined surfaces of mating components.
- When securing a component, always tighten cap screws gradually in an opposing pattern, applying the specified torque.
- Grease can be used to temporarily hold a part in place while the abutting part is placed into position.
- Always use common sense and exercise standard safety precautions when working with all tools and equipment required to maintain, repair, or troubleshoot the CRUSHER.

### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for your purchase of an NPK attachment. NPK prides itself in the design and manufacture of high-quality attachments. The quality workmanship and materials, which go into all our attachments, will provide maximum service life. With proper care, and use, your NPK attachment should provide you with many years of productive service.

The purpose of this manual is to provide you with information and instructions required to properly operate and maintain the CRUSHER. This will result in maximum ATTACHMENT reliability and productivity.

**Read this manual thoroughly** before attempting to operate, remove, disassemble, repair, or troubleshoot the CRUSHER or any of its components. For additional information or help with any problem encountered, please contact your authorized NPK dealer.

Follow all the safety precautions contained in this manual. Failure to follow safety precautions can result in death, personal injury, injury to others and property damage.

Use replacement parts sold by NPK only. NPK is not responsible for failures resulting from alterations not approved by NPK or substitution of parts not sold by NPK.

### **EXCAVATOR COMPATIBILITY**

These carrier weight ranges are intended as a guideline only. Other factors, such as stick length, counterweights, undercarriage, etc., must be taken into consideration.



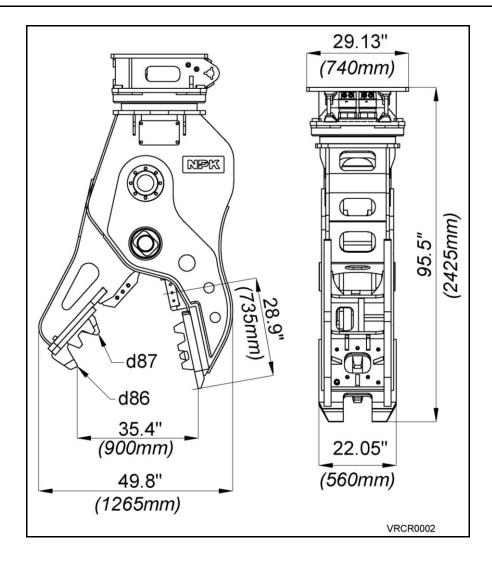
Mounting a CONCRETE CRUSHER that is too heavy for the carrier can be dangerous and damage the carrier. Verify carrier stability with the CONCRETE CRUSHER before transport or operation.

Mounting a CONCRETE CRUSHER that is too small for the carrier can damage the CONCRETE CRUSHER and void warranties. Please consult NPK Service or Engineering for specific detailed information.

CRUSHER MODEL	RECOMMENDED CARRIER WEIGHT RANGE 3rd member mounting				
	lbs. (Metric ton)				
V250R	53,000 - 77,000	(24 - 35)			

Specifications subject to change without notice.

# **MODEL SPECIFICATIONS**

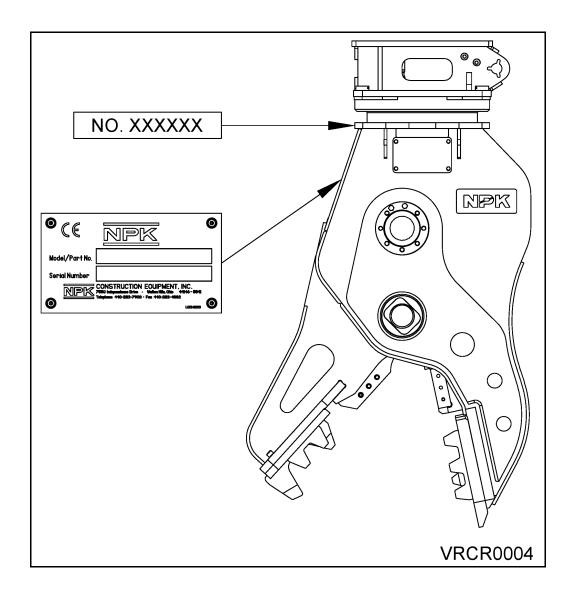


MODEL	Weight I		Maximum Jaw Opening		Oil Flow		Cycle Time (seconds)	
	lbs.	(kg)	in.	(mm)	gpm	(Ipm)	open	close
V250R	6,065	(2,750)	35.4	(900)	26-66	(100-250)	1	1.8

MODEL	Maximum Operating Pressure				Crushing Force at d87	
	psi	(bar)	lbf	(kN)	lbf	(kN)
V250R	4,060	(280)	229,500	(1,020)	299,000	(1,330)

Maximum MODEL Cutting Force		Rotation Pressure		Rotation Flow		
	lbf	(kN)	psi	(bar)	gpm	(Ipm)
V250R	505,800	(2,250)	2,030	(140)	4-10	(15-38)

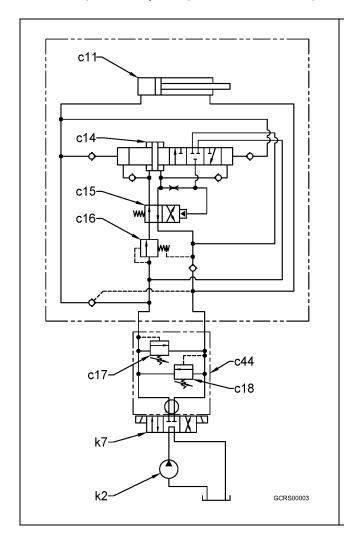
# **SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION**



### INTRODUCTION

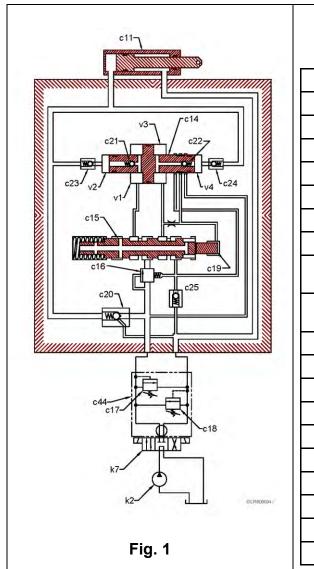
The hydraulic cylinder used on the NPK Crushers is equipped with a hydraulic booster. To close the jaws of the crusher, hydraulic oil from the carrier is directed to the base end of the cylinder, which extends the cylinder rod. Under no load, no boost is applied, and this results in a rapid cycle time as compared to large, non-boosted cylinders.

When a load (*material to be crushed*) is encountered, pressure builds and shifts the sequence valve of the booster. This directs oil into the booster section, which intensifies the pressure well beyond the system operating pressure of the excavator. The compact NPK Boosted Cylinder System provides a working force equal to far larger un-boosted cylinders, which are working at excavator system pressure. Because the NPK boosted cylinders are smaller, they require less oil for full stroke as compared to large diameter cylinders. This reduces cycle time for the NPK Crusher. To open the jaws of the NPK Crusher, oil is directed to the rod end of the cylinder. This retracts the rod and pulls the jaw open. No boost is provided in the jaw open mode.



c11	Jaw Cylinder
c14	Booster Piston
c15	Main Valve Assembly
c16	Sequence Valve Cartridge
c17	Relief Valve (close)
c18	Relief Valve (open)
c44	Swivel Manifold
k2	Carrier Hydraulic Pump
k7	Carrier Control Valve

### STRUCTURE OF THE BOOSTED CYLINDER

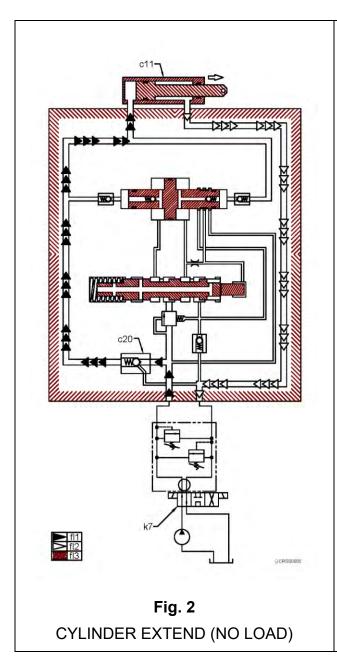


As shown in Fig. 1, the booster cylinder consists of:

c11	Jaw Cylinder
c14	Booster Piston
c15	Main Valve Assembly
c16	Sequence Valve Cartridge
c17	Relief Valve (close)
c18	Relief Valve (open)
c19	Plunger
c20	Pilot Check Valve Assembly
c21	Check Valve 1 - booster piston inner "B"
c22	Check Valve 2 - booster piston inner "A"
c23	Check Valve 3 - booster sleeve "B"
c24	Check Valve 4 - booster sleeve "A"
c25	Check Valve 5 - Return
c44	Swivel Manifold
k2	Carrier Hydraulic Pump
k7	Carrier Control Valve
v1	Oil Chamber - 1
v2	Oil Chamber - 2
v3	Oil Chamber - 3
v4	Oil Chamber - 4

For a complete breakdown of parts in the booster cylinder assembly, see the parts manual for each unit by serial number.

### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



c11	Jaw Cylinder
c20	Pilot Check Valve Assembly
k7	Carrier Control Valve
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow

When the cylinder (c11) is extended (*jaw close*) and no load (*material to be crushed*) is encountered, oil is directed from the carrier control valve (k7) to the base end of the cylinder by way of the pilot check valve (c20) in the booster assembly. When there is no load condition, hydraulic pressure is low, and no boosted pressure is required.

### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

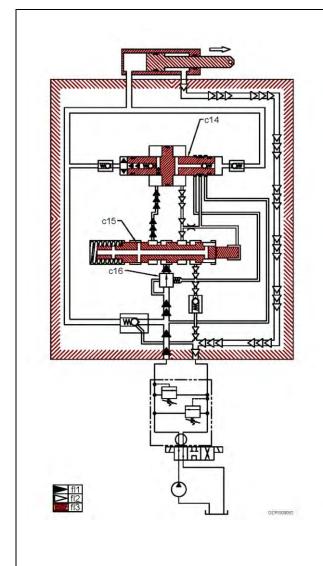
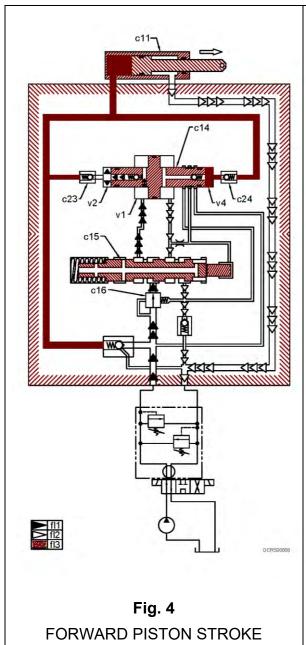


Fig. 3
<b>BOOSTER ACTUATION</b>

c14	Booster Piston
c15	Main valve Assembly
c16	Sequence Valve Cartridge
fl1	High pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow

When a load (*material to be crushed*) is encountered on jaw close, the hydraulic pressure in the booster unit starts to rise. When the hydraulic pressure reaches a pre-set value, the sequence valve (c16) shifts and directs oil through the control valve (c15) of the booster, then to the booster piston (c14). This starts the boosting process. The booster piston is double ended and provides boost in each direction of booster piston travel.

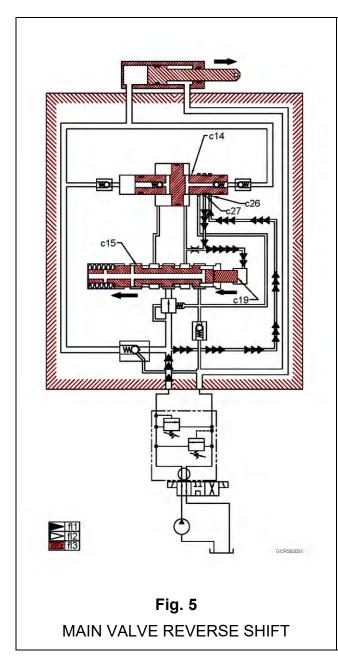
### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



c11	Jaw Cylinder
c14	Booster Piston
c15	Main Valve Assembly
c16	Sequence Valve Cartridge
c23	Check Valve 3 - booster sleeve "B"
c24	Check Valve 4 - booster sleeve "A"
v1	Oil Chamber - 1
v2	Oil Chamber - 2
v4	Oil Chamber - 4
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Oil
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Oil
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Oil

The hydraulic oil that has passed through the sequence valve (c16) and booster valve (c15), flows into rear oil chambers v1 and v2 of the booster piston (c14) and strokes it toward oil chamber v4. Because the area of the booster piston in oil chamber v1 is greater than the area in chamber v4, the pressure in oil chamber v4 is intensified. The higher-pressure oil is pushed through the check valve (c24) to the base end of the cylinder (c11) and closes check valve (c23).

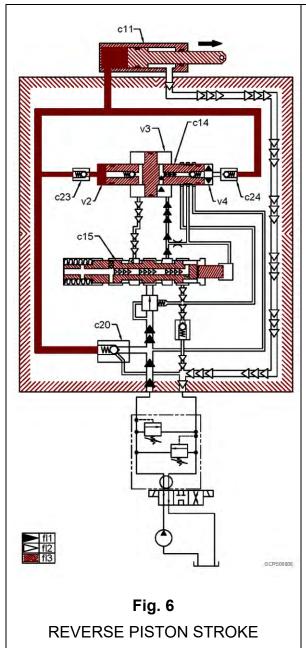
### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



c14	Booster Piston	
c15	Main Valve Assembly	
c19	Plunger	
c26	Port C1 Piston	
c27	Port C2 Piston	
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow	

When the booster piston (c14) reaches its full stroke, oil entering port "C1" (c26) transfers to port "C2" (c27) of the piston. Oil is also sent to the plunger (c19) end of the main valve assembly (c15). This shifts the valve as shown in **Fig. 5**.

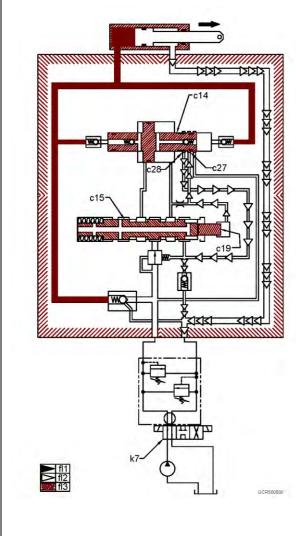
### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**



c11	Jaw Cylinder
c14	Booster Piston
c15	Main Valve Assembly
c20	Pilot Check Valve Assembly
c23	Check Valve 3 - booster sleeve "B"
c24	Check Valve 4 - booster sleeve "A"
v2	Oil Chamber - 2
v3	Oil Chamber - 3
v4	Oil Chamber - 4
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow

When the main valve assembly (c15) has been shifted, oil is directed through the main valve assembly to oil chambers (v3) and (v4) of the booster piston (c14). This strokes the booster piston toward oil chamber (v2). The oil in chamber (v2) is intensified and sent through check valve 3 (c23) to the base end of the cylinder (c11). Pilot check valve (c20) and check valve 4 (c24) are also closed at this time.

### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

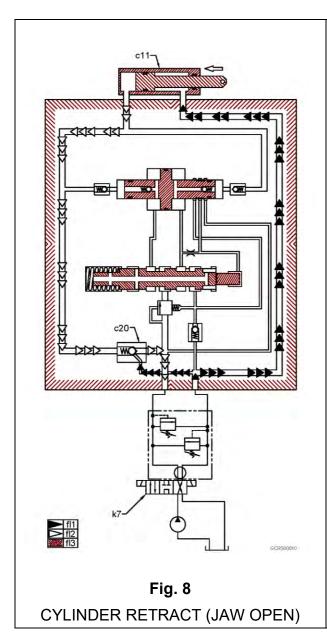


**Fig. 7**VALVE SHIFT TO FORWARD STROKE

c14	Booster Piston	
c15	Main Valve Assembly	
c19	Plunger	
c27	Port C2 Piston	
c28	Port C3 Piston	
k7	Carrier Control Valve	
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow	

When the booster piston (c14) reaches full reverse stroke, oil drains out of the plunger (c19) end of the main control valve (c15) through ports C2 (c27) and C3 (c28) of the booster piston. The main control valve spring moves the main control valve spool toward the plunger. This places the main control valve in position to direct oil to the booster piston to start the next forward piston stroke. These forward and reverse piston strokes will continue as long as the excavator's control valve (k7) is shifted to send hydraulic flow to the booster and cylinder and that there is sufficient resistance (load) to keep the booster active.

### **OPERATING PRINCIPLE**

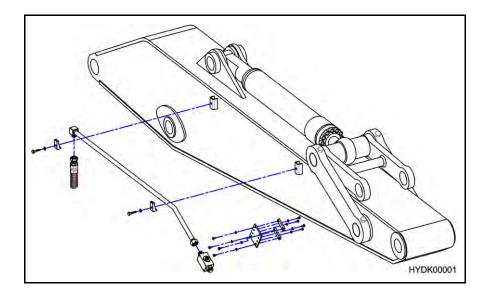


c11	Jaw Cylinder	
c20	Pilot check valve assembly	
k7	Carrier Control Valve	
fl1	High Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl2	Low Pressure Hydraulic Flow	
fl3	Intensified Hydraulic Flow	

When the crusher jaw is opened, oil from the excavator's control valve (k7) is directed through the booster to the rod end of the cylinder (c11). A pilot signal from this flow is sent to open the pilot check valve assembly (c20) which allows oil to be pushed out of the base end of the cylinder as the cylinder rod retracts. There is no boost actuation on the jaw open cycle.

### **HYDRAULIC KITS**

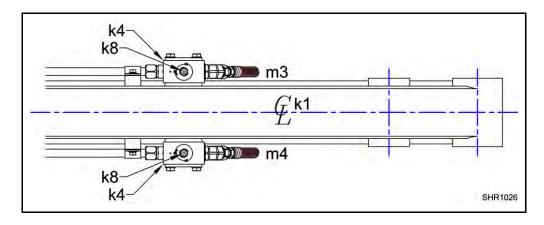
Hydraulic Installation Kits are available for virtually all compatible backhoe loaders, excavators, and skid steers.



Combination kits that can be used for hydraulic hammer or compactor/driver operation are available.

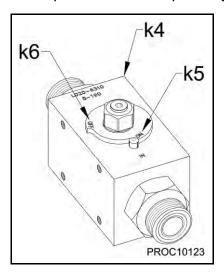
### **FLOW DIRECTION**

The hydraulic flow to close (m3) the Crusher jaws should be on the left side of the carrier (looking from the operator's seat) and to open (m4) the jaws is on the right.



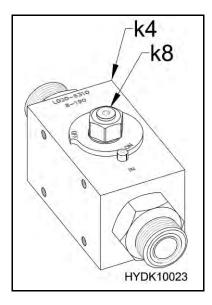
### **SHUT-OFF VALVES**

Most hydraulic installation kits use two shut-off valves (k4) on the stick (k1) of the carrier. Each shut-off valve has an "**ON**" (k5) and an "**OFF**" (k6) position. Make sure both shut-off valves are in the "ON" position before operating your attachment.



### **TEST PORT LOCATIONS**

A. Some hydraulic installation kits have pressure test (gauge) ports (k8) in both shut-off valves (k4).



### PREVENTION OF CONTAMINATION

### **ATTENTION**

- 1. Neglect of the hydraulic oil will cause many problems in all the hydraulic components, including the attachment. Care should be taken to check for contamination of the oil and to change the oil if contamination is found. **Routine oil** sampling is recommended once per month.
  - ❖When the hydraulic oil shows low viscosity and bubbles, this indicates that the oil is deteriorated. If the oil is dark brown and gives off an offensive odor, it is severely deteriorated. *Change the oil immediately!*
  - ❖When the oil is clouded, or the oil filter becomes clogged, it indicates that the oil is contaminated. *Change the oil immediately!*
  - ❖To change the contaminated hydraulic oil, drain the hydraulic system as completely as possible. Try to minimize the amount of old oil that will be mixed with the new oil.

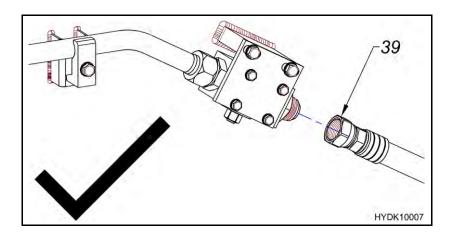
NOTE: It is suggested to change the oil in the system with all of the cylinders retracted.

**NOTE:** If a catastrophic failure has occurred and the system is found to have metal mixed with the hydraulic oil, a complete disassembly and clean out must be done to **ALL** hydraulic components and attachments. **ALL** the hydraulic lines must be flushed.

- 2. Do not allow any contaminants to mix with the hydraulic oil. Take special care in preventing contamination from entering the hydraulic system through the hose or tube connection when installing or removing the attachment. Always have caps and plugs ready.
- 3. Low oil level will cause heat buildup, resulting in deterioration of the hydraulic oil. Also, it may cause pump cavitation due to air mixing with the oil, leading to damage to the attachment or the carrier components. Keep the oil at the proper level at all times.
- 4. Do not use the hammer at an operating temperature higher than 180°F (80°C). The proper operating oil temperature range is between 120°F (50°C) and 180°F (80°C). Since contaminated cooler fins cause reduced efficiency of the cooler, keep them clean at all times. The use of a heat gun is the best way to evaluate if the cooler is working properly.
- 5. Water in the hydraulic oil will lead to damage of the attachment and the carrier. Drain off water and foreign matter from the hydraulic tank at specified intervals. When out of service, the attachment should be stored indoors or under cover.

### **HYDRAULIC QUICK DISCONNECTS**

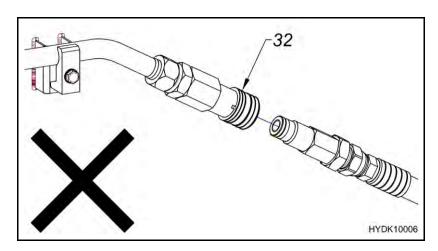
NPK prefers the use of a straight JIC connection (39) when installing its crusher onto a carrier.



**NOTE:** Care should be given when removing the crusher to make sure that the hoses are plugged, and the tube ends are capped to prevent contamination from entering the hydraulic system.

NPK recommends against the use of non-NPK hydraulic quick disconnects on fluid circuits operating NPK products, including the crusher, for the following reasons:

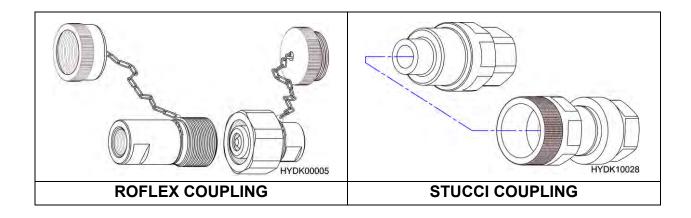
1. The hydraulic pulsations caused by the crusher can cause internal pieces of the non-NPK quick disconnect (32) to disintegrate. These pieces can migrate into the crusher, causing damage to the unit. That damage is not covered by NPK's warranty.



### **HYDRAULIC QUICK DISCONNECTS**

- 2. Contamination can enter the hydraulic system if the quick disconnect ends are not kept clean. The quick disconnects should be capped to keep them clean. If this is not done, contamination in the quick disconnect will be flushed into the hydraulic system, causing internal damage to the crusher.
- 3. Most quick disconnects create a restriction in the hydraulic circuit. NPK Crushers are not pressure sensitive, but the restrictions cause unnecessary heating of the oil. Also, the pressure required to operate the crusher, plus the restriction of the quick disconnects may push an older, lower pressure carrier to the limit of its hydraulic system. This would interfere with the proper operation of the crusher. However, the NPK approved quick disconnects are properly sized so that the crusher operation is not affected.

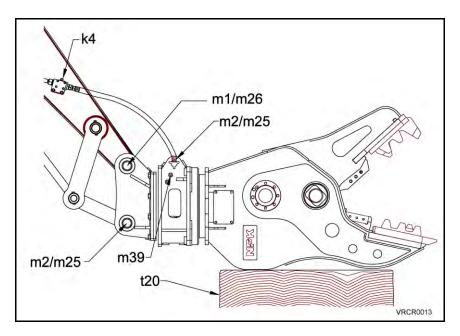
NPK has approved quick disconnects. Contact your NPK dealer or NPK direct at (440) 232-7900 for proper sizing of approved NPK quick disconnects for your unit.



# **MOUNTING INSTALLATION**

### MOUNTING TO THE CARRIER

- 1. Position the crusher horizontal on a wood block (t20) as shown.
- 2. Align the stick pin bore (m26). Install stick pin (m1).
- 3. Align the link pin bore (m25). Install the link pin (m2).
- 4. Clean away any dirt found on the hose connections and connect the whip hoses (m3 and m4).
- 5. Connect the rotation whip hoses (m39).
- 6. Open the shut off valves (k4).



# **ATTENTION**

The hydraulic lines must be handled carefully to prevent contamination from entering the crusher or the carrier hydraulic system.

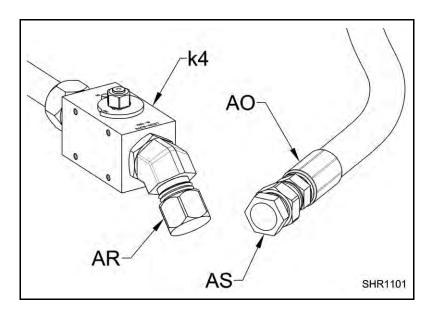
# **MOUNTING INSTALLATION**

### REMOVAL FROM THE CARRIER

- 1. Retract the cylinder to open the jaws fully.
- 2. Shut off the carrier's engine and relieve all hydraulic pressure.
- 3. Close the shut off valves.
- 4. Disconnect the hydraulic hoses before laying the crusher down. Install metal plugs in the hydraulic hoses and metal caps on the stick tubes to keep out contamination.
- 5. Position the crusher horizontal on a wood block (t20), as shown in "MOUNTING TO THE CARRIER".

### STORAGE OF THE CRUSHER

1. Make sure all whip hoses (AO) that connect the crusher to the carrier are plugged (AS), all hose connections are capped (AR), and turn shut off valves (k4) to the "OFF" position.

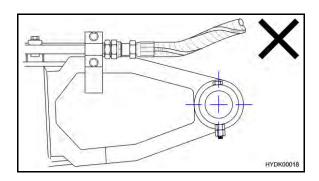


- 2. Grease all lubrication points; see the "GENERAL MAINTENANCE" section under "LUBRICATION POINTS".
- 3. If the unit is stored outdoors, retract the cylinder and cover with a waterproof tarp.

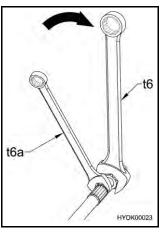
# **HOSE INSTALLATION**

### WHIP HOSE INSTALLATION TIPS

- 1. Connect larger diameter hoses first. Larger hoses are more difficult to bend and maneuver, while the smaller lines are usually more flexible and easier to install.
- 2. Do not twist the hose during installation. Pressure applied to a twisted hose can result in premature hose failure or loose connections.



3. Attach both ends of the hose to their connection points. Let the hose find its natural position, then tighten both ends of the hose, using a wrench (t6) and backup wrench (t6a).



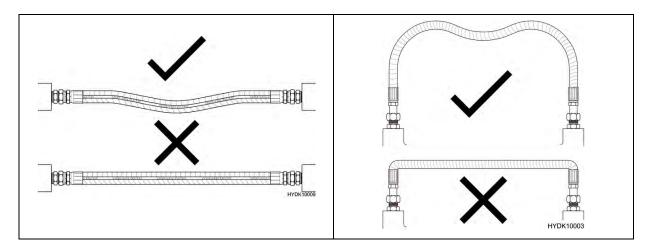
4. Torque hose to specifications.

NOMINAL	THREAD TORQUE		QUE
HOSE SIZE	SIZE	ft. lbs.	(Nm)
1/2"	3/4 - 10	39	(52)
3/4"	1-1/16 - 12	88	(119)
1"	1-5/16 - 12	113	(153)
1-1/4"	1-5/8 - 12	133	(180)

# **HOSE INSTALLATION**

### WHIP HOSE INSTALLATION TIPS

5. All hoses change in length slightly when pressure is applied. Hoses must have enough slack to relieve stressing the connections.



6. Make sure the hose being installed is routed with the proper bend radius to prevent kinking, flow restrictions, or hose failures at the hose connection.

HOSE	MINIMUM		
SIZE	BEND RADIUS		
	in	(mm)	
1/2"	7	(177.8)	
3/4"	9.5	(241.3)	
1"	12	(304.8)	
1-1/4"	16.5	(419.1)	

7. Hoses should be used within the following ranges of temperature.

	TEMPERATURE RANGE	
	°F (°C)	
HYDRAULIC FLUID	14 to 176	(-10 to +80)
ATMOSPHERIC	14 to 122	(-10 to +50)

# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

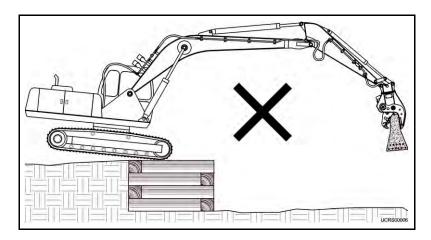
Before operating the NPK Crusher, be sure to read the safety information and perform the daily and weekly maintenance as specified in this manual.





### DO NOT OPERATE THE CRUSHER WITHOUT DEMOLITION GUARDS IN PLACE!



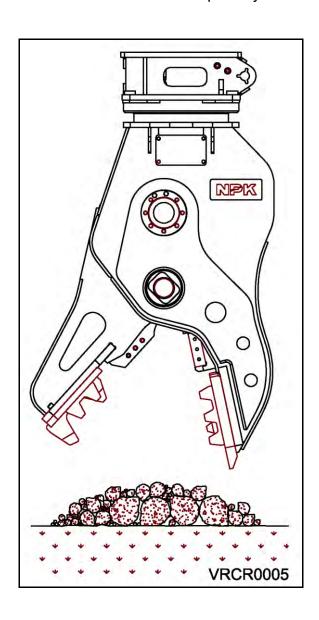


DO NOT LIFT OR LOAD BEYOND THE CAPACITY OF THE CRUSHER OR THE CARRIER.

# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

### USE THE CRUSHER ONLY FOR THE APPLICATION FOR WHICH IT IS INTENDED:

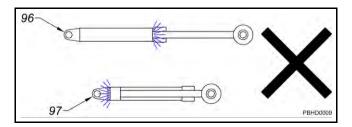
• NPK "V" Series Crushers are designed for the downsizing of concrete, the separation of concrete and rebar and some primary demolition.



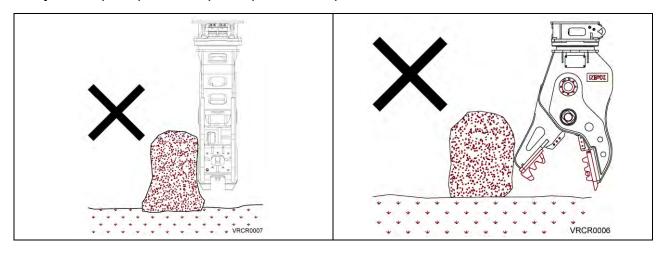
# **OPERATING TECHNIQUES AND PRECAUTIONS**

### **ATTENTION**

1. **Do not** use the NPK Crusher with the excavator cylinders fully extended or retracted.

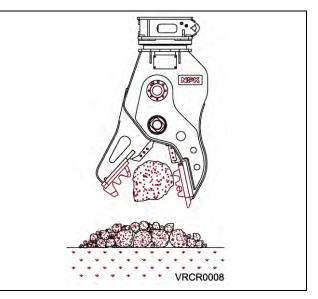


2. **Do not** strike the material with the crusher main body (DN1) or outer surface of the jaw set (DO1). Do not push, pull, or scrape material with the crusher.



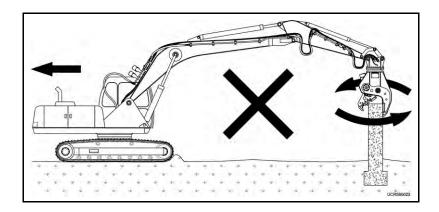
3. For most efficient operation, open the jaw only wide enough to grasp the material. Grasp the material to be crushed as deep into the throat of the crusher as possible. Do not force the material into the jaw.

If you have any questions on operating the NPK Crusher, please contact your local NPK dealer or call the NPK Service Department at (440) 232-7900.



# **OPERATING TECHNIQUES AND PRECAUTIONS**

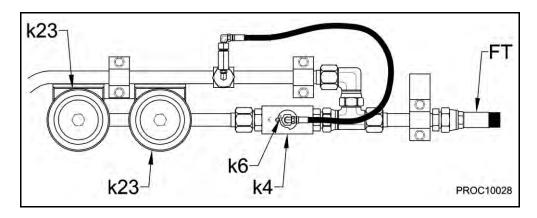
4. **Do not** pry, twist, or pull with the excavator. Allow the hydraulic crushing forces of the crusher jaw to do the work. If the material does not crush completely at first, open the jaws and close again in a chewing action. The excavator is used as a way of positioning and supplying hydraulic power to the crusher.



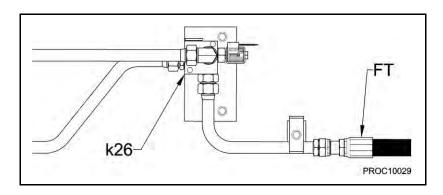
- 5. **Do not** use the rebar cutters to cut rod over 1-1/4" in diameter.
- 6. **Do not** use the non-rotating crushers to crush fixed structures.

# **OPERATING TECHNIQUES AND PRECAUTIONS**

7. **Do not** operate the crusher on an excavator with an NPK combination Hydraulic Hammer/Crusher hydraulic installation kit without first isolating the line mounted accumulators (k23).



- a. The shut-off valve (k4) in the return line (FT) must be in the "OFF" (k6) position for use with the processor.
- b. On some later NPK Hydraulic Installation Kits, the isolation feature is done automatically through the use of an accumulator isolation valve (k26). Consult with NPK at (440) 232-7900, if you are unsure of what your carrier is equipped with.



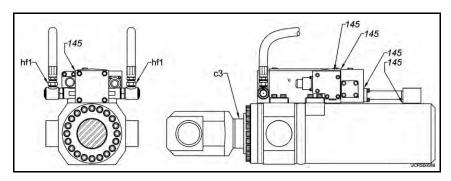
### **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

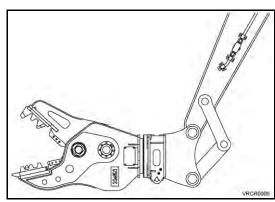
### REFER TO IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION SECTION

### DAILY INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

The functions the crusher performs are demanding and in tough environments. Therefore, it is extremely important that the following maintenance and inspection procedures be performed daily.

- Grease all lubrication points! Use EP2 or equivalent grease. For lubrication points, see "GENERAL MAINTENANCE", "LUBRICATION POINTS".
- Check for oil leaks at the cylinder piston rod (c3), the machined surfaces (145) and at all of the crusher's hose and fitting connections (hf1).

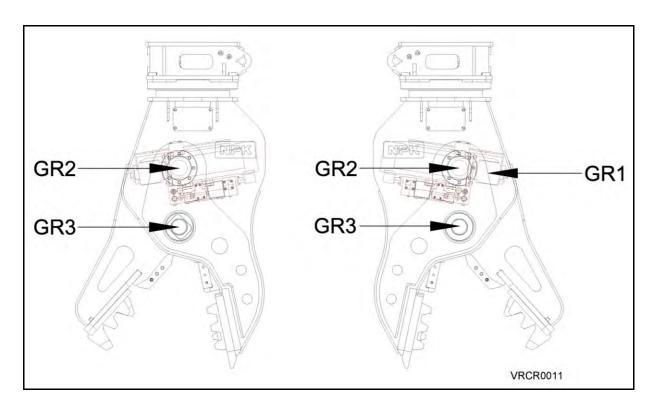




- Inspect the hydraulic hoses for wear, damage, or oil leakage.
- Inspect for loose, broken, and missing fasteners. Replace and/or retighten to torque specifications as required. See the "FASTENER TORQUE" section of this manual. Call the NPK Service Department at (440) 232-7900, if there are any questions regarding torque.
- Check the moveable jaw and main frame for cracks. See the "FRAME CRACK AND JAW REPAIR" section of this manual or contact NPK at (440) 232-7900 for repair procedure.
- Check the condition of the cutting blades; see "CUTTER BLADE MAINTENANCE".

# **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

# **LUBRICATION POINTS**

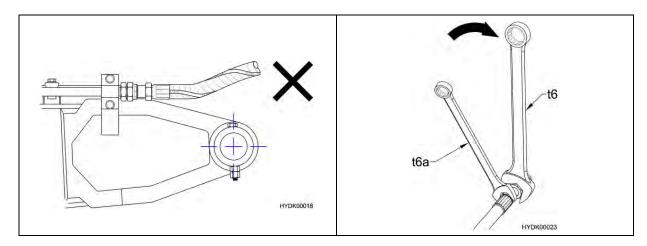


GR1	CYLINDER ROD PIN (X1)	One lubrication point located at the jaw attachment end.	10 strokes from a grease gun every 4 hours.
GR2	CYLINDER PIVOT PIN (X2)	One lubrication point per side located at the cylinder trunnion flanges.	10 strokes from a grease gun once per shift.
GR3	JAW PIVOT PIN (X2)	One lubrication point on each end of the main pivot pin.	15 strokes from a grease gun per fitting per shift.

# **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

### **HOSE INSTALLATION TIPS**

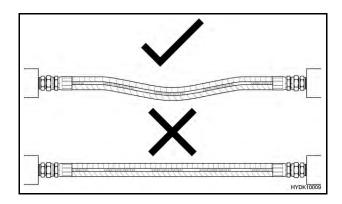
- 1. Connect larger diameter hoses first. Larger hoses are more difficult to bend and maneuver, while smaller lines are usually more flexible and easier to install.
- 2. Do not twist the hose during installation. Pressure applied to a twisted hose can result in premature hose failure or loose connections. Attach both ends of the hose to their connection points. Let the hose find its natural position, then tighten both ends using a wrench (t6) and backup wrench (t6a).



3. Torque hose to specifications, see "HOSE TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS".

NOMINAL	THREAD	TORQUE	
HOSE SIZE	SIZE	ft. lbs.	(Nm)
1/2"	3/4-16	109	(80)
3/4"	1-1/16-12	245	(180)
1"	1-5/16-12	272	(200)
1-1/4"	1-5/8-12	250	(250)

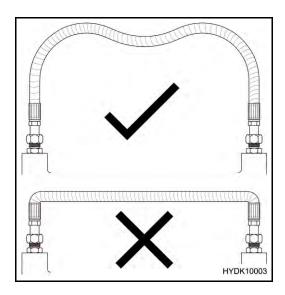
4. All hoses change in length slightly when pressure is applied. Hoses must have enough slack to relieve stressing the connections.



## **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

## **HOSE INSTALLATION TIPS**

5. Make sure the hose being installed is routed with the proper bend radius to prevent kinking, flow restrictions, or hose failures at the hose connection.



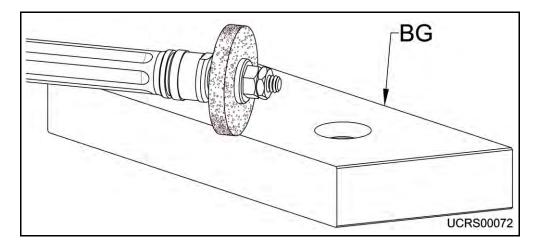
6. Hoses should be used within the following ranges of temperature.

	TEMPERATURE RANGE			
	°F °C			
HYDRAULIC FLUID	14 to 176	(-10 to +80)		
ATMOSPHERIC	14 to 122	(-10 to +50)		

## **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

### **CUTTER BLADE MAINTENANCE**

When cutter blades become damaged or rounded due to abrasion, grind the rounded areas of the blades (BG) to a sharp 90° edge.



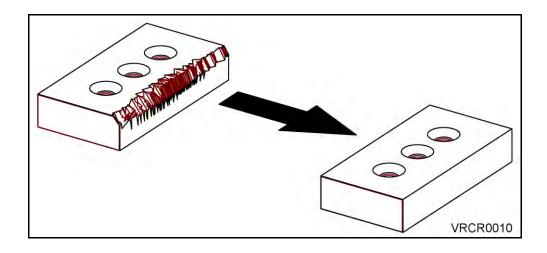


Use care in handling to avoid bodily harm.



**Do not** over grind the blades to the point that the surface becomes blue or discolored. This will make the blades brittle.

Cutter blades can be flipped four times to increase service life. Replace the cutter blade if it is cracked, chipped, or worn beyond repair.

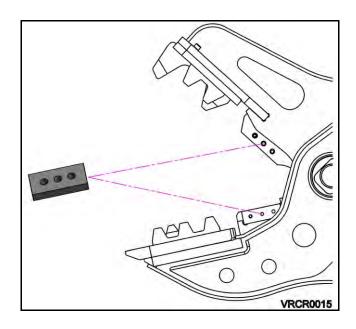


## **GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

### **CUTTER BLADE MAINTENANCE**

#### **DO NOT WELD CUTTER BLADES!**

Torque the cutter blade bolts (OO) to specification; see the "FASTENER TORQUE" section of this manual.



#### **BLADE-TO-BLADE CLEARANCE**

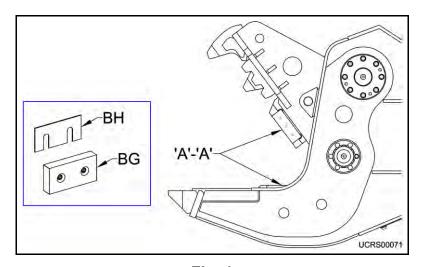
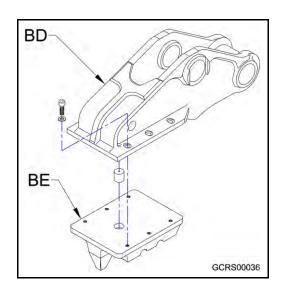


Fig. 1

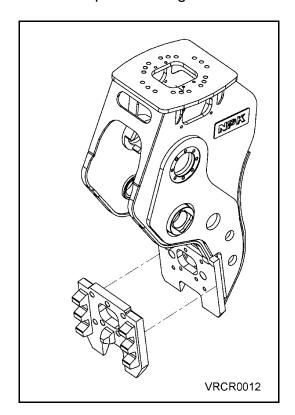
A blade-to-blade ('A'-'A') clearance of .010" to .040" (0.25 to 1.00 mm) should be maintained for optimum performance. Install shims (BH) under blade (BG) as necessary, see **Fig. 1**.

## REPLACEABLE TOOTH PLATES



## **REPLACEABLE TOOTH PLATES – MAIN FRAME**

The main frame (BI) tooth plate (BE1) is replaceable. Review replacement part numbers on NPK's online electronic parts catalog or contact NPK directly.



#### JAW AND TOOTH REBUILD PROCEDURE: ALL MODELS

Due to the abrasive nature of the material being crushed, jaw wear will occur on the U and G Series Crushers. The jaws must be built up with hard face weld when the clearance between the tip of the jaws in the closed position is worn to the extent that the material can no longer be crushed efficiently.

To ensure maximum crushing performance, this rebuild procedure comprised of three steps, should be followed:

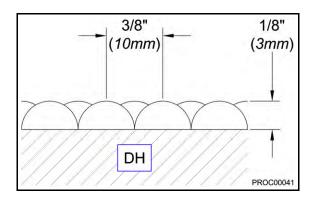
- 1. Surface Preparation.
- 2. Underlayment Weld.
- 3. Hard Face Weld.

#### 1. SURFACE PREPARATION

Grind the entire worn area until it is smooth and clean. Remove all paint, grease, oil, dirt and old hard facing material before welding.

#### 2. UNDERLAYMENT

Underlayment weld is necessary to build up the base material (DH) to match the original jaw or tooth profile before hard facing. You cannot hard face over old hard facing.

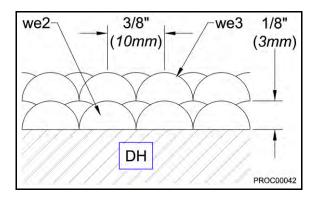


- Welding rod: Airco Austex 361, Cronatron 7770, Eutectic 3205, Postalloy 205, Stoody 2110 or equal. In Canada: NCH Canada Inc. Hi-Pact #194 or equal.
- Dry welding rod at 300°F+ (150°C+).
- Pre-heat the jaw area to 300° 400°F (150° 200°C) and maintain this temperature during the welding operation. It is very important to maintain this temperature in cold environments.
- Adjust weld current to rod manufacturer's specifications.
- Peen each layer.
- Cool slowly. Cover weld in cold environments.

### JAW AND TOOTH REBUILD PROCEDURE: ALL MODELS

#### 3. HARD FACE

Hard face (we3) can only be applied over base material (DH) or underlayment weld (we2). **NEVER HARD FACE OVER EXISTING HARD FACE!** 



Welding Rod: Airco Tubecraft 1A, Cronatron 7355, Eutectic N6006, Postalloy 214, Stoody 31 or equal. In Canada: NCH Canada Inc. Wear-X #176 or equal.

- Dry welding rod at 300°F+ (150°C+).
- Pre-heat the jaw weld area to 350°F (177°C) and maintain this temperature during welding operation. It is very important to maintain this temperature in cold environments.
- Adjust weld current to rod manufacturer's specifications.
- Peen each layer. Do not exceed 2 3 layers of hard face.
- Cool slowly. Cover weld in cold environments.

## JAW AND TOOTH REBUILD PROCEDURE: ALL MODELS

#### DO NOT WELD OVER OLD HARD FACING!

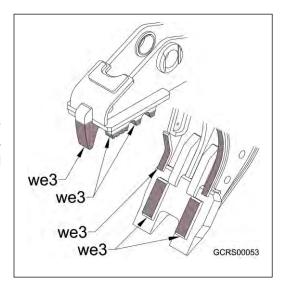
Remove all old hard facing before applying new underlay weld.

1. BEF	ORE WELD	2. AF	TER WELD		
we3 we2		we5 73 we5 we6 we2		we4 BD/BI PROC00045	
	CORRECT	CORRECT		INCORRECT	
BD/BI	MALE OR FEMALE	BD/BI	MALE OR FEMALE	BD/BI	MALE OR FEMALE
	CRUSHER JAW		CRUSHER JAW		CRUSHER JAW
DI	WORN AREA	we2	UNDERLAYMENT	we4	OVERFLOW
we2	UNDERLAYMENT	we3	HARDFACE	we5	END OF NEW WELD
we3	HARDFACE	we5 END OF NEW WELD		WEJ	VVLLU
		we6 73	OLD WELD FINISH GRIND TO BLEND		

## **JAW CONTACT AREAS**

# MAIN FRAME and MOVEABLE JAW CONTACT AREAS

In contact areas of jaws, hard facing (we3) may be added to increase the wear life of these surfaces for hard facing instructions, see the **JAW and TOOTH REBUILD PROCEDURE**.



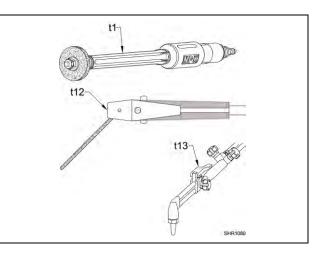
# FRAME MAINTENANCE – REPAIR OF MAIN FRAME

Inspect frame for cracks periodically. Crushing is an abusive operation and eventually frame cracking may occur. If the attachment has been overstressed due to improper operation or has been used for many hours of operation, the steel components may develop fatigue cracks. If cracking is found in any of the steel components of the processor, photos of the crack or cracks must be emailed to NPK immediately so that the crack can be evaluated, and a repair option recommended.

Use a crosshatch (BY) pattern on wear areas of the crusher as shown. Refer to the **TEETH REPLACEMENT** section for hard face rods and procedure.

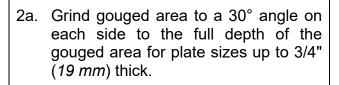
## **ROUTE WELD REPAIR**

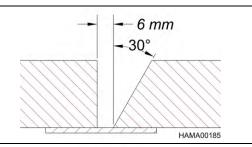
1. Gouge any cracks 100% using an air or electric handheld grinder (t1), carbon arc (t12) or torch (t13).



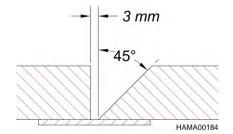
# FRAME MAINTENANCE – REPAIR OF MAIN FRAME

### **ROUTE WELD REPAIR**

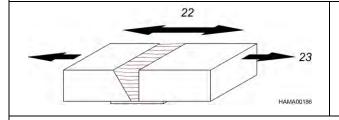




2b. Grind gouged area to a 45° angle on each side to the full depth of the gouged area for plate sizes over 3/4" (19 mm) thick.



- 3. If the crack is completely through the plate, grind the bevel in halfway from both sides. Remove all slag and grinding residue.
- 4. Consult the **JAW and TOOTH REBUILD PROCEDURE**, **HARD FACE** section for pre-heat and welding instructions.
- 5. Peen or stress relieve after each pass. Maintain pre-heat.
- 6. After welding, grind area flush.



22	DIRECTION OF GRINDING
23	DIRECTION OF PRINCIPLE STRESS

 Allow area to cool slowly (eight hours minimum). Cover with a heat blanket or other suitable insulation. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE CRYSTALLIZATION OF THE WELD AND SUBSEQUENT BREAKAGE.

**NOTE:** NPK Construction Equipment has developed this repair procedure based on known information about structure and material. This, however, does not imply that repairs made using this procedure are guaranteed to be successful. NPK, therefore, cannot warranty this procedure. There is **NO** warranty regarding this repair either expressed or implied.

## **BOOSTER CYLINDER**

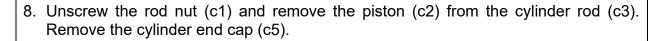
#### **DISASSEMBLY**

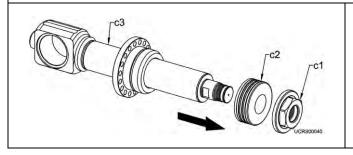
bs35-1. Remove the Booster Assembly (bs35) from the cylinder (c11). **NOTE: See the Booster Manual** (B000-9600) for Booster maintenance. RR bs23-2. Remove the spacers (bs23), o-rings bs23 RR (RR), and backup rings (SS) from the SS cylinder assembly (c11). RR BSTA10142 00 3. Remove the cylinder end cap socket head cap screws (OO). 4. Remove the cylinder rod assembly (c48) from the cylinder housing (c4).

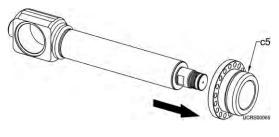
## **BOOSTER CYLINDER**

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

-c8 c8 5. Check the piston rings (c8). The rings should be free in their grooves. If the rings are found to be stuck in their grooves, use a die grinder with a soft polishing stone (preferably NPK polishing wheel p/n 25026030) and polish the rings until they spring out of their grooves. If a ring is broken, it must be replaced. t16 6. Using a ring expander (t16), remove all the piston rings. CRS00018 с6 7. If used, lightly heat the rod nut set screw (c6) to loosen any thread adhesive that is present. Remove the rod nut set screw. UCRS00031



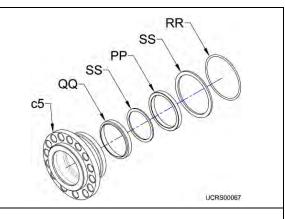




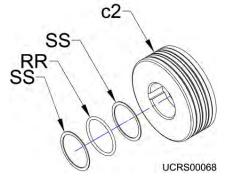
## **BOOSTER CYLINDER**

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

9. Remove the dirt seal (QQ), rod seal (PP), o-ring (RR), and backup rings (SS) from the cylinder end cap (c5) and discard.



10. Remove the o-ring (RR) and backup rings (SS) from the inside of the piston (c2) and discard.



#### CYLINDER COMPONENTS

#### INSPECTING AND CLEANING

# **A** CAUTION

The prevention of foreign contaminant damage is critical when working with hydraulic equipment. Keep the work area clean. Using masking tape, cover all exposed holes and parts which may allow entry of foreign contaminants. Habitually clean the work area by wiping with a lint-free cloth.

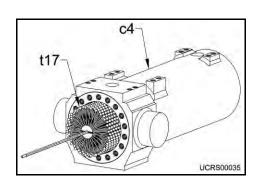
Mating surfaces are machined to a smooth surface. Use care to avoid scratches, nicks, dents, or other damage to machined surfaces. If damaged, the component must be repaired or replaced as required.

- 1. Inspect the heads and threads of all fasteners and plugs and corresponding threaded bores for damage. Repair or replace as required.
- 2. Inspect all components, particularly machined surfaces, including all hydraulic ports, for evidence of scratches, scoring, nicks, dents, wear, deformity, or other damage. Particularly close attention should be given to o-ring grooves and counter bores. Repair or replace as required.
- 3. Inspect drained and residual hydraulic fluid for evidence of contamination. If contaminated, inspect all components, seal, etc., to determine the cause.
- 4. Inspect the cylinder housing (c4) bore. If there is heavy scoring, contact the NPK Service Department for additional instructions at 440-232-7900.

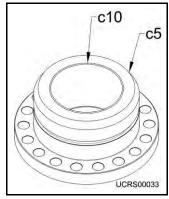


ONLY HONE (t17)
IF NECESSARY!

USE LUBRICATED BALL HONE ONLY!



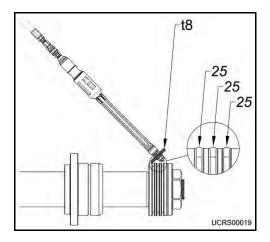
5. Inspect the bronze guide (c10) found in the cylinder end cap (c5) for damage or excessive wear.



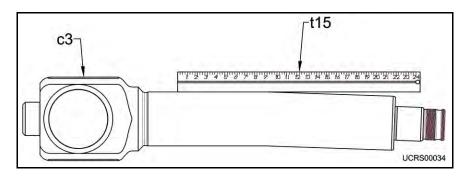
### CYLINDER COMPONENTS

#### INSPECTING AND CLEANING

6. Using a die grinder with a soft polishing stone (t8), preferably NPK polishing wheel p/n 25026030, polish the leading edges of the piston ring grooves (25) to remove damage to the piston and allow free movement of the piston rings.



7. Using a straight edge (t15), check the cylinder rod (c3) for straightness.



NOTE: The cylinder rod is a forged, high strength part. It is not possible to repair the rod. If the rod is bent or damaged, it must be replaced.

8. Clean all parts with a degreaser solvent using a Scotchbrite® or equivalent cleaning pad.



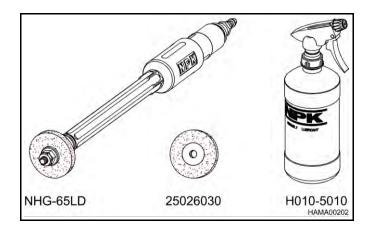
**Compressed air can cause injury or death!** Limit air pressure to a maximum of 30 psi (2 bars). Protect your eyes with safety glasses! Do not direct compressed air current at exposed skin! Do not direct compressed air current at other people within the work area!

## CYLINDER COMPONENTS

#### **INSPECTING AND CLEANING**

9. Remove all thread sealant from threads using an appropriate thread sealant solvent. Remove old thread sealant residue with a maximum of 30 psi (2 bars) of compressed air.

## REPAIR TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

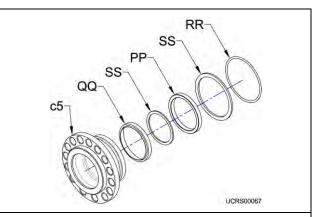


Air or electric handheld grinder (NPK model NHG-65LD recommended)
Polishing wheel for grinder (NPK p/n 25026030)
NPK Assembly Lube (p/n H010-5010)
Emery cloth (200 grit)
Cleaning solvent

### CYLINDER COMPONENTS

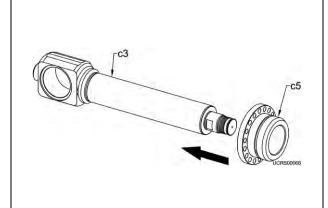
#### **ASSEMBLY**

1. Install dirt seal (QQ), backup ring (SS), and piston seal (PP) into the seal grooves on the inner side of the cylinder end cap (c5). Install the oring and backup ring into the outer groove.

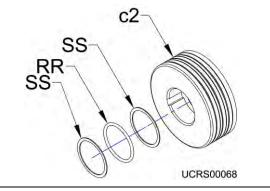


2. Apply hydraulic oil or NPK Assembly Lube (p/n H010-5010) to the inner surface coating the previously installed dirt seal, backup ring, and piston seal. Install the cylinder end cap (c5) onto the cylinder rod (c3).





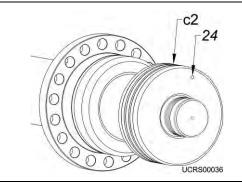
3. Install the o-ring (RR) and backup rings (SS) into the piston (c2). Apply a light coat of hydraulic oil or NPK Assembly Lube to the o-ring and backup rings after installation.



### CYLINDER COMPONENTS

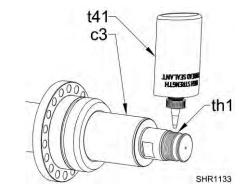
#### **ASSEMBLY**

4. Install the piston (c2), with the dimple (24) facing away from the rod eye, onto the cylinder rod.

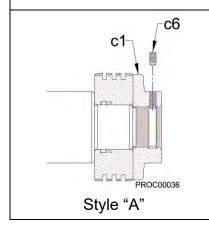


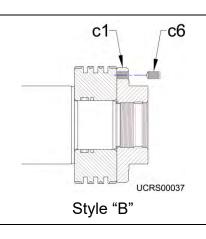
5. Apply high strength thread adhesive (t41) to the clean dry threads (th1) of the cylinder rod (c3).

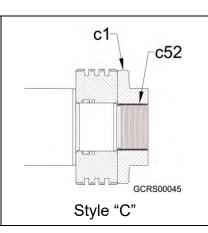
NOTE: New style cylinder rod nuts (without set screws) have a nylon patch and do not require thread adhesive.



6. There are three styles of piston lock nuts (c1). Lock nut set screw (c6) location changes. Style "A" shows the early factory style. Style "B" shows the current factory style. Style "C" shows the replacement style. Style "C" uses a nylon patch (c52) instead of a set screw.



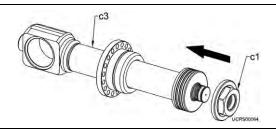




### CYLINDER COMPONENTS

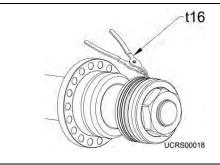
#### **ASSEMBLY**

7. Thread cylinder rod nut (c1) onto the cylinder rod (c3) and torque to the listed value below.



MODEL	THREAD	TOI	RQUE	SOCKET	ROD NUT PART NUMBER		JMBER
	SIZE	ft. lb.	( <i>Nm</i> )	SIZE	STYLE "A"	STYLE "B"	STYLE "C"
V250R	M65 x 3.0	3,250	(4,400)	90 mm	16032575	16084717	Х

- 8. Install the set screw. If the original factory lock nuts are to be re-used, a dimple must be drilled into the piston rod (Style "A" type) or the piston (Style "B" type) using the existing threaded hole as a guide. The maximum depth of the hole should not exceed 1/64<sup>th</sup> inch (0.5 mm). Apply a small amount of medium strength thread adhesive to the set screw before installing. If the lock nut is replaced (Style "C" type), the replacement will have a nylon patch and will not require a set screw.
- 9. Using a ring expander (t16), install the piston rings with the splits in the piston rings opposing each other.



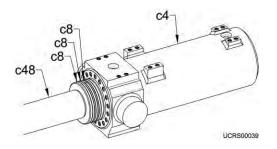
## CYLINDER COMPONENTS

#### **ASSEMBLY**

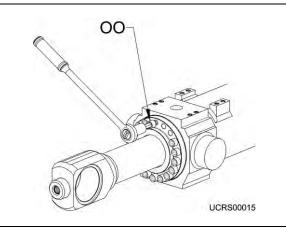
 Apply hydraulic oil or NPK Assembly Lube to the inner surface of the cylinder housing and to the outside diameter of the piston and piston rings.



11. Install the cylinder rod assembly (c48) slowly into the cylinder housing (c4) taking care not to damage the piston rings (c8).



12. Install the cylinder end cap socket head cap screws (OO) and torque to the value listed below.

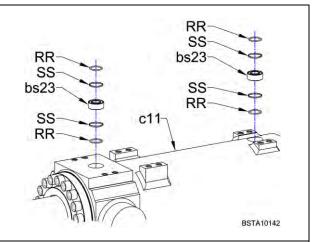


MODEL	BOLT	TOR	QUE
	SIZE	ft. lb.	(Nm)
V250R	M18-2.5	260	(350)

## CYLINDER COMPONENTS

#### **ASSEMBLY**

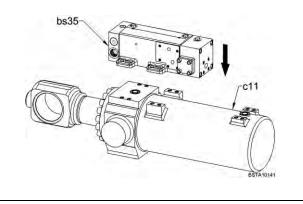
13. Apply a light coat of oil or NPK Assembly Lube to four new backup rings (SS), four new o-rings (RR) and the two spacers (bs23), then install in the corresponding counter bores of the main cylinder assembly (c11).



14. Apply a light coat of oil or NPK Assembly Lube to the mating surfaces of the booster main body.



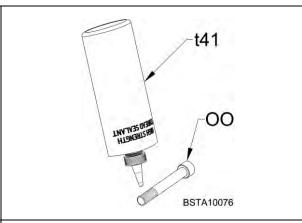
15. With the aid of an assistant, carefully orient and align the eight-mounting flange fastening holes of the booster assembly (bs35) with the corresponding eight threaded bores of the cylinder assembly (c11). If necessary, install two eyebolts in the threaded bores on top of the booster assembly. Lift and move the booster assembly using a hoist.



## **CYLINDER COMPONENTS**

#### **ASSEMBLY**

16. Apply high-strength thread sealant (t41) to the clean, dry threads of the eight previously removed cap screws (OO).



17. Secure the main booster assembly to the cylinder housing using the eight cap screws and washers. Tighten the cap screws in an opposing pattern. Torque to value listed to the right.

MODEL	BOLT	TORQUE	
	SIZE	ft. lb.	(Nm)
V250R	M16-2	225	(300)

## **FASTENER TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

These torque charts are to be used with the specific "V" Series Crusher parts manual for the unit being repaired.

All fasteners will be used with lube or medium strength thread adhesive. Bolts must have their threads wire brushed or cleaned with a thread die, then cleaned with solvent and finally cleaned with compressed air. Threaded holes must be cleaned with a thread tap, solvent and also with compressed air.

Use a common chassis or wheel bearing grease on fasteners listed as lubed. Grease the threads of the bolt and the contact surface under the bolt head. Grease the contact surface of nuts.

Use a few drops of medium strength thread adhesive on the threads of fasteners listed as torqued with adhesive.

Do not use anti-seize compound on any fasteners, unless otherwise noted.

# **FASTENER TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

BOLT LOCATION	MODEL	BOLT	TORQUE	ADHESIVE
		ft. lb.	(Nm)	OR LUBED
CYLINDER ROD END	V250R	260	(350)	LUBED
PIVOT PIN KEEPER				
CYLINDER PIVOT	V250R	330	(450)	LUBED
FLANGE				
JAW PIVOT PIN NUT	V250R	260	(350)	LUBED
OUTTING DI 455	\/O.F.O.D	450	(000)	LUBED
CUTTING BLADE	V250R	150	(200)	LUBED
TOOTH PLATE	V250R	480	(650)	ADHESIVE
MOVEABLE JAW	VZSUK	400	(030)	ADRESIVE
WOVEABLE SAVV				
TOOTH PLATE	V250R	700	(950)	ADHESIVE
FIXED JAW			(000)	7.21.2011
COVER PLATE	V250R	205	(280)	LUBED
JOINT FITTING	V250R	80	(110)	LUBED
ROTATION MOTOR	V250R	135	(180)	LUBED
ROTARY JOINT	V250R	260	(350)	ADHESIVE
	1/2-2-		//	
FLANGE ADAPTER	V250R	95	(130)	LUBED
BEARING	V250R	700	(950)	LUBED

## **FASTENER TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

## **FASTENER TORQUE CHART - CYLINDER ASSEMBLY**

	IN TOTAGE OTTAINT - OTE INDEN ACCEMBET				
BOLT LOCATION	MODEL	BOLT SIZE	BOLT	TORQUE	ADHESIVE
			ft. lb.	(Nm)	OR LUBED
CYLINDER END CAP	V250R	M18	260	(350)	LUBED
CYLINDER ROD NUT	V250R	M45	1400	(1900)	ADHESIVE
CYLINDER GUARD	V250R	M24	640	(870)	ADHESIVE
GUARD HOLDER	V250R	M10	45	(60)	ADHESIVE
PLATE - TOP					
GUARD HOLDER	V250R	M16	205	(280)	ADHESIVE
PLATE - SIDE					
BOOSTER	V250R	M16	225	(300)	ADHESIVE
ASSEMBLY					
BLOCK	V250R	M12	93	(125)	ADHESIVE

**NOTE:** For booster assembly bolt torques see **B000-9600C** booster manual.

# **HOSE TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

## **JIC ENDS**

NOMINAL SIZE	FITTING DASH SIZE	THREAD SIZE	NUMBER OF FLATS FROM FINGER TIGHT	TORQUE	
				ft. lb.	(Nm)
1/2"	-8	3/4-16	1	36 - 39	(49 - 53)
3/4"	-12	1-1/16-12	1	79 - 88	(107 - 119)
1"	-16	1-5/16-12	1	108 - 113	(146 - 153)
1-1/4"	-20	1-5/8-12	1	127 - 133	(172 - 180)

## **ORFS ENDS**

NOMINAL SIZE	FITTING DASH SIZE	THREAD SIZE	NUMBER OF FLATS FROM FINGER TIGHT	TORQUE	
				ft. lb.	(Nm)
1/2"	-8	13/16-16	1.25 - 1.75	32 - 35	(43 - 48)
3/4"	-12	1-3/16-12	1.25 - 1.75	65 - 70	(88 - 95)
1"	-16	1-7/16-12	1.25 - 1.75	92 - 100	(125 - 136)
1-1/4"	-20	1-11/16-12	1.25 - 1.75	125 - 140	(170 - 190)

### DETERMINE THE TYPE OF PROBLEM

Performance problems are classified as "LOSS OF POWER" or "LOSS OF CYCLE SPEED" (assuming the problem is not due to misapplication).

#### 1. LOSS OF POWER

NPK CRUSHER jaw crushing forces are determined by the operating pressure setting and NPK pressure intensifier performance.

#### 2. LOSS OF CYCLE SPEED

NPK CRUSHER cycle speed is determined by oil flow to the unit. The hydraulic installation circuit for the CRUSHER must be set to provide the correct flow.

#### DETERMINE THE CAUSE OF THE PROBLEM

Technical problems are caused by either the NPK CRUSHER or the carrier's hydraulic system (hydraulic installation kit for the CRUSHER). Checking the hydraulic pressure and flow will determine if the problem is in the CRUSHER or the carrier. If the pressure and flow to the Crusher are correct, the problem is in the CRUSHER.

#### LOSS OF POWER

Loss of power can be caused by a low carrier relief valve setting or by a low CRUSHER relief valve setting. Verify the correct relief valve settings of the carrier and the CRUSHER. (See "CRUSHER SEQUENCE, RELIEF VALVE AND CARRIER RELIEF VALVE SETTINGS" on page 67.)

If the relief valve pressures are to specification, proceed to the "INTENSIFIER CHECKS" troubleshooting chart on page 68 and the "PRESSURE INTENSIFIER OPERATION" section on page 70.

# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR LOW POWER RELIEF VALVE CHECKS

#### **RELIEF VALVE CHECKS**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Operating Pressure is less than the pressure setting specified for Crusher model number. (See "MODEL SPECIFICATIONS")	Carrier hydraulic circuit relief valve.	Measure the carrier circuit relief valve with the pressure to close shut-off valve in the "OFF" position	Adjust or replace the carrier circuit relief valve. The setting for the relief valve must be 200 psi (14 bar), minimum, above the Crusher operating pressure.
	Crusher relief valves	Measure the relief valves with the shut-off valves on the carrier in the "ON" position. Check pressure with the jaws fully open and fully closed.	Setting should be per Crusher specification.
		Check relief cartridges for tightness.	Tighten the relief valve cartridges.
		Check relief cartridges for misadjustment.	Reset to Crusher specification. If unable to adjust, replace the cartridge.
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the relief valve cartridges.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of both relief valve cartridges.
	Pilot check valve assemblies.	Inspect the booster inlet pilot check valves for damage.	Replace the inlet pilot check valve assemblies if necessary.
	Swivel manifold assembly	Check the seals between the open and close passages in the swivel manifold assembly.	Replace the seals in the swivel manifold assembly.
		Check the land areas for the seals in the swivel manifold assembly.	Repair the land area or replace the spindle.

# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE FOR LOW POWER RELIEF VALVE CHECKS

#### **LOW POWER CHECKS**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Operating pressure is per Crusher specification (See MODEL SPECIFICATIONS"), but the intensifier does not click.	Booster sequence valve cartridge.	Observe sequence valve operation. (See "PRESSURE INTENSIFIER SEQUENCE AND RELIEF VALVE ACTUATION")	Replace the sequence valve cartridge. (NOTE: The sequence valve cartridge is not adjustable.)
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.
	Booster control valve assembly.	Dis-assemble the main valve and inspect the spring, plungers and for free movement of the spool.	Polish or replace as necessary.
	Booster assembly	Dis-assemble the main valve and inspect the piston assembly, seals, poppets, and seats.	Polish or replace as necessary.

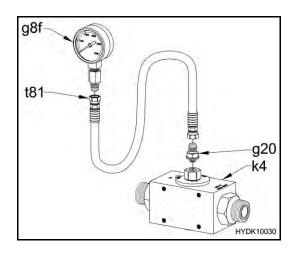
## **MEASURING OPERATING PRESSURES**

## Tools and equipment required:

Pressure gauge (g8f): 5000 psi (350 bar).

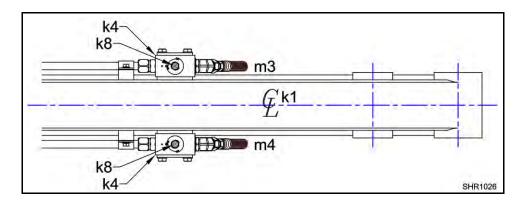
Test port adapter (g20): to fit #4 SAE female port in NPK shut-off valve (k4).

Test hose (t81): 5000 psi (350 bar) rated.



## RELIEF VALVE CHECKING AND SETTING PROCEDURE

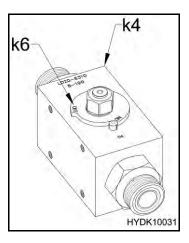
Most hydraulic installation kits provide shut-off valves (k4) with test ports (k8) in both the jaw open (m4) and close lines (m3). Install pressure test hoses in both test ports.



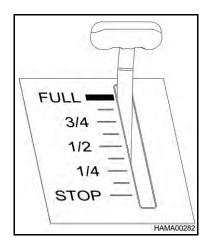
#### 1. CARRIER CIRCUIT RELIEF VALVE CHECK

Verify that the hydraulic system of the carrier meets the requirements of the CRUSHER.

- A. Install a 0 5000 psi (350 bar) pressure gauge (g8f) in the #4 SAE test ports in each of the shut-off valves at the end of the stick.
- B. Turn the shut-off valve (k4) in the close circuit to the "OFF" position (k6).



C. Start the carrier. Set the throttle to the "FULL" position. Actuate the hydraulic circuit to close the jaws.



D. The pressure reading should be at least 200 psi (14 bar) above the CRUSHER operating pressure.

**Note:** If the excavator relief setting is less than 200 psi *(14 bar)* above the CRUSHER operating pressure, reset the excavator accordingly. (See specifications).

#### 2. CRUSHER RELIEF VALVE

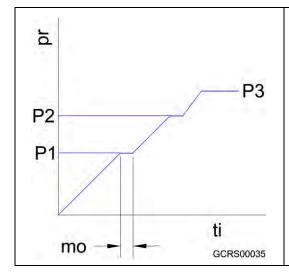
After the CRUSHER hydraulic circuit has been verified, check the CRUSHER relief valve settings for both open and close.

- A. With a 0 5000 psi (350 bar) gauge installed in both the open and close side of the stick, open the shut-off valves.
- B. Start the carrier. Set the throttle at full RPM and close the jaws completely and hold for 10 seconds. Check the psi (bar) reading on the gauge and compare to the specified CRUSHER relief valve setting. If it is not the same, reset the CRUSHER relief valve accordingly.
- C. The booster will start to click. Depending on the oil temperature, the booster will continue to click slowly compensating internal leaking in the main cylinder. This is normal.
- D. If the intensifier is clicking rapidly, pressure may not reach the relief valve setting due to severe intensifier or cylinder leakage.
- E. Open the CRUSHER jaws to the fully open position and hold for 10 seconds. Check the pressure reading on the gauge and compare to the specified CRUSHER relief valve setting. If it is not the same, reset the CRUSHER relief valve accordingly.

# PRESSURE INTENSIFIER SEQUENCE VALVE AND RELIEF VALVE ACTUATION

Close the jaws without material in them. When the jaw cylinders are fully stroked, the load pressure (pr) rises until it reaches the sequence valve setting (P1). The oil is then diverted to the pressure intensifier. The load pressure momentarily (mo) levels off for one to two seconds (ti) at the sequence valve pressure setting then rises to the CRUSHER relief valve setting (P2). The carrier relief valve (P3) acts only as a safety relief and must be set 200 psi (14 bar) above the CRUSHER relief setting.

**NOTE:** *Do not* adjust sequence valve cartridge (factory preset).



	<u> </u>	
P1	SEQUENCE VALVE SETTING	
P2	CRUSHER RELIEF VALVE SETTING	
P3	CARRIER RELIEF VALVE SETTING	
pr	pressure (psi/bar)	
pr mo	pressure (psi/bar) momentarily	
	'	
	momentarily	

# CRUSHER SEQUENCE, RELIEF VALVE AND CARRIER RELIEF VALVE SETTINGS

MODEL	P1		P2		P3	
	CRUSHER		CRUSHER		MINIMUM CARRIER	
	SEQUENCE		RELIEF VALVE		RELIEF VALVE	
	<b>VALVE SETTING</b>		SETTING		SETTING	
	psi	(bar)	psi	(bar)	psi	(bar)
V250R	2,990	(210)	3,771	(260)	4,000	(275)

## **INTENSIFIER CHECKS (unit does not click)**

## **INTENSIFIER CHECKS**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Intensifier does not click	CRUSHER relief valves	Check relief cartridges for tightness.	Tighten the relief valve cartridges.
		Check relief cartridges for misadjustment.	Reset to 3,625 psi (250 bar). If unable to adjust, replace the cartridge.
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the relief valve cartridges.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of both relief valve cartridges.
	Booster sequence valve cartridge.	Observe sequence valve operation. (See "PRESSURE INTENSIFIER SEQUENCE AND RELIEF VALVE ACTUATION")	Replace the sequence valve cartridge. (NOTE: The sequence valve cartridge is not adjustable.)
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.
	Booster control valve assembly.	Dis-assemble the main valve and inspect the spring, plungers and for free movement of the spool.	Polish or replace as necessary.
	Booster assembly	Check poppets and seats.	Replace poppets and seats as necessary.
		Check all o-rings and backup rings.	Replace all o-rings and backup rings.

## INTENSIFIER CHECKS (unit clicks – does not slow down)

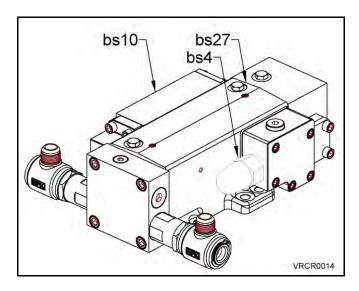
## **INTENSIFIER CHECKS**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Intensifier clicks but does not slow down	CRUSHER relief valves	Check relief cartridges for tightness.	Tighten the relief valve cartridges.
	Main valve orifice. (NOTE: Not found in most "D" style boosters.)	Check the orifice, o- rings and backup rings.	Clean the orifice and replace the o-rings and backup rings. (See Service Bulletin SB04-4)
	Pilot check valve assemblies.	Inspect the booster inlet pilot check valve assemblies for damaged seats.	Replace the inlet pilot check valve assemblies.
	Booster assembly	Check poppets and seats.	Replace poppets and seats as necessary.
		Check all o-rings and backup rings.	Replace all o-rings and backup rings.
	Main cylinder assemblies	Check main cylinder piston rings for by-passing oil.	Replace piston rings.
		Check for damaged seals.	Reseal cylinders

#### PRESSURE INTENSIFIER OPERATION

NPK's exclusive pressure intensifier system is used in NPK CRUSHERs to boost cylinder pressure to increase the jaw closing forces. When the intensifier is working properly, a rapid clicking sound will be heard, indicating that the pressure intensifier is being actuated as the jaws begin to close against resistance. As the jaws grasp tighter onto the material, the clicking will begin to slow down. This slowing will continue until the material is either cut/crushed or the CRUSHER meets full resistance. At full resistance, the clicking will slow dramatically or sometimes stop completely.

## PRESSURE INTENSIFIER (BOOSTER)



The control valve (bs10), sequence valve (bs4) and booster assembly (bs27) make up the pressure intensifier assembly.

# RAPID CONTINUOUS CLICKING IS HEARD AND THE MATERIAL IS NOT BEING CRUSHED/SHEARED AS EXPECTED

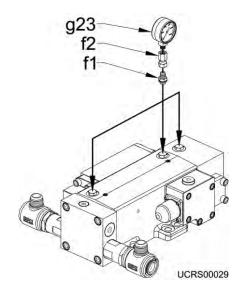
This indicates that the problem is not a relief or sequence valve setting, but it is in the intensifier or the cylinder of the CRUSHER. This requires further investigation by a mechanic/technician, see "INTENSIFIER CHECKS" (clicks - does not slow down).

### **CHECKING BOOSTED PRESSURE**

**AWARNING** 

**EXTREMELY HIGH-PRESSURE OIL!** 

NPK gauge assembly, **P/N L017-8000** is available to directly check the boosted pressure on all CRUSHERS. The pressure intensifier's have three test ports as shown.



L017-8000 GAUGE ASSEMBLY			
g23	L017-4020	gauge: 0 - 15,000 psi ( <i>0 - 1000 bar</i> )	
f1	L007-6630	female swivel adapter	
f2	K023-6690	male adapter	

#### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Remove a plug from one of the test ports and install the male adapter (f2). Choose the port that will give you the best gauge clearance and viewing.
- 2. Install the gauge (g23) into the swivel adapter (f1). (Use thread sealant).
- 3. Install the gauge and swivel adapter onto the male adapter. (No thread sealant required.)
- 4. Close the jaw all the way. Pressure will rise to the point where intensification starts (P1 on page 66). Then it will go up to the full boosted pressure of approximately 12,000 psi (800 bar). When the clicking of the booster slows, it is at full intensification, click...click...click...etc., is normal. If the clicking continues rapidly and will not slow down, there may be a problem with the intensifier or CRUSHER cylinder assemblies.
- 5. Open the jaws all the way. You will now read the relief setting of the jaw open circuit. Note that the intensifier only works on jaw close. Jaw open sees the CRUSHER's or the carrier's relief valve pressure setting, whichever is lower.

**NOTE:** IF ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE IS REQUIRED, CALL THE NPK SERVICE DEPARTMENT AT (440) 232-7900.

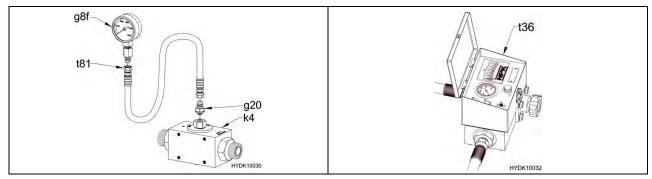
## **SLOW CYCLE SPEED**

The specified cycle times of the CRUSHER are controlled by the flow provided by the hydraulic circuit of the carrier. The published cycle times of the CRUSHER are a direct result of the maximum published oil flow; see the "MODEL SPECIFICATIONS" section of this instruction manual.

**NOTE:** If the jaws will not open or close, be sure the open and close shut-off valves are in the "**ON**" position.

#### Tools and equipment required:

(For carriers with an NPK hydraulic installation kit installed.)



Pressure gauge (g8f): 5000 psi (350 bar).

Test port adapter (g20): to fit #4 SAE female port in NPK shut-off valve (k4).

Test hose (t81): 5000 psi (350 bar) rated.

Loading type hydraulic flow meter (t36): 100 gpm (380 l/m) hydraulic flow capacity.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

Install a pressure gauge into the test port of the jaw close circuit (*left shut-off valve as seen from the operator's position*). Fully stroke the CRUSHER cylinders. Measure the attachment operating pressure.

#### **SLOW CYLINDER SPEED**

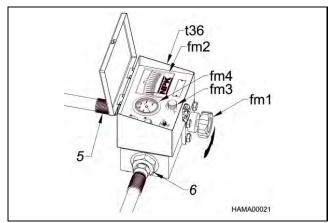
PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Slow cylinder speed. Operating pressure is per Crusher specification (See MODEL SPECIFICATIONS"), but the intensifier does not click.	Carrier flow setting is set too low.	Check flow output of Crusher hydraulic circuit at 1000 psi (69 bar).	Adjust carrier flow output to meet NPK specifications.
			Repair or replace the carrier's pump.
	Crusher cylinder.	Check Crusher cylinder piston rings.	Replace if damaged or worn.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

## **SLOW CYLINDER SPEED**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Operating Pressure is less than the pressure setting specified for Crusher model number. (See "MODEL SPECIFICATIONS")	Carrier hydraulic circuit relief valve.	Measure the carrier circuit relief valve with the pressure to close shut-off valve in the "OFF" position	Adjust or replace the carrier circuit relief valve. The setting for the relief valve must be 200 psi (14 bar), minimum, above the Crusher operating pressure.
	Crusher relief valves	Measure the relief valves with the shut-off valves on the carrier in the "ON" position. Check pressure with the jaws fully open and fully closed.	Setting should be per Crusher specification.
		Check relief cartridges for tightness.	Tighten the relief valve cartridges.
		Check relief cartridges for misadjustment.	Reset to Crusher specification. If unable to adjust, replace the cartridge.
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the relief valve cartridges.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of both relief valve cartridges.
	Booster sequence valve cartridge.	Observe sequence valve operation. (See "PRESSURE INTENSIFIER SEQUENCE AND RELIEF VALVE ACTUATION")	Replace the sequence valve cartridge. (NOTE: The sequence valve cartridge is not adjustable.)
		Check the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.	Replace the o-rings and backup rings of the sequence valve cartridge.

# CHECKING THE HYDRAULIC FLOW AT RATED PRESSURE

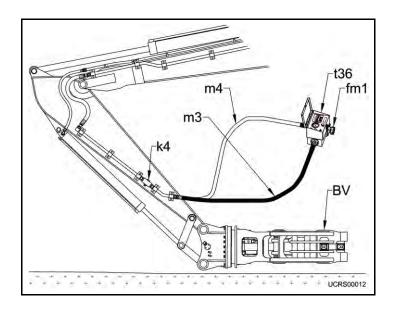


5	out port
6	in port
fm1	load valve
fm2	flow/temperature display
fm3	flow/temperature switch
fm4	pressure gauge

(Typical loading type flow meter)

## 1. Installation of the loading type flow meter.

Install the flow meter (t36) between the CRUSHER close (m3) and open lines (m4) as shown. Typically, the jaw close line is on the left and the jaw open is on the right of the CRUSHER (looking from the operator's seat).



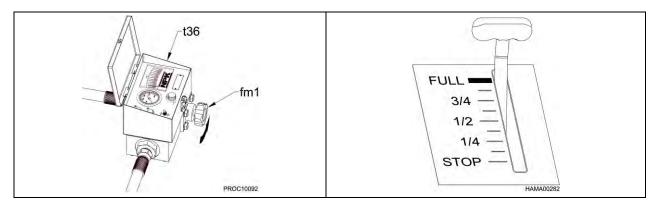
### 2. Determine the return line pressure (pressure drop).

Open both shut-off valves (k4) and energize the CRUSHER close switch. Measure the pressure on the flow meter gauge (fm2) with the load valve (fm1) in the fully open position.

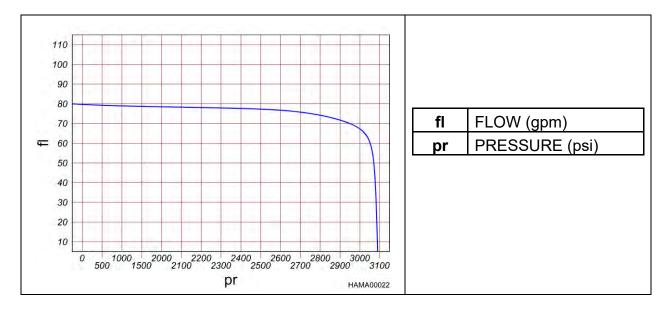
## CHECKING THE HYDRAULIC FLOW AT RATED PRESSURE

3. Determine the circuit relief valve pressure and oil flow.

**NOTE:** First, warm the carrier's hydraulic system to operating temperature. Measure the flow and pressure with the loading flow meter (t36). Adjust the load valve (f1) to zero restriction (fully open). Set the engine throttle to the maximum (full) position. Energize CRUSHER to close switch.



Slowly turn the loading valve knob (fm1) clockwise and record the pressure and flow at regular pressure intervals (pr) on graph paper. Record pressure on one axis of the graph and flow (fl) on the other. This is the circuit flow chart. Refer to the "MODEL SPECIFICATIONS" section of this manual for the correct flow at 1000 psi (70 bar).



### **JAW DRIFT**

- Some jaw drift may be experienced depending on the CRUSHER's position.
- Acceptable drift may occur over a number of minutes.
- Rapid drift may indicate a problem with the CRUSHER's cylinder, booster, or swivel manifold. The problem could also be in the carrier's hydraulic circuit.

# TO DETERMINE IF THE JAW DRIFT IS WITH THE CRUSHER OR THE CARRIER

- 1. Remove the hoses from the joint fittings on the outside of the CRUSHER's frame and close the shut-off valves on the carrier.
- 2. Cap the joint fittings and plug the hoses. The fitting size is 20 JIC.
  - **IF THE JAW DRIFTS:** The problem is in the cylinder, intensifier pilot checks or internal leakage in the swivel manifold of the CRUSHER.
  - **IF NO DRIFT OCCURS:** The problem is in the carrier's main control valve. Contact your carrier dealer.

**NOTE:** Drift due to the main control valve internal leakage may be inherent to the carrier and not repairable.

## **ROTATION**

The rotation speed is a direct result of the amount of flow (gpm – lpm) supplied by the rotation hydraulic circuit of the carrier. The chart below lists the recommended rotation speed and approximate flow required for your CRUSHER.

MODEL	APPR	OXIMATE	CARRIER	RELIEF
	F	LOW	VALVE S	SETTING
	gpm	(lpm)	psi	(bar)
V250R	4 – 10	(15 – 40)	3,000	205

Adjust the rotation flow so that the rpm is within the guidelines shown for the model number you have.

Flows are checked at a normal operating pressure of 1000 psi *(70 bar)*. The relief listed in the above chart is only necessary to protect the rotation supply componentry.

# **ROTATION**

# **▲** CAUTION

Excessive rotation speed will result in damage to the hydraulic motor, pinion gear, and slewing ring.

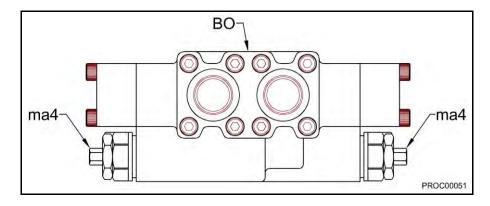
## **ROTATION**

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CHECK	REMEDY
Unit will not rotate.	Low or no flow	Check hydraulic flow. (See CRUSHER rotation flow specifications.)	Adjust rotation hydraulic circuit flow setting.
	Pressure setting of CRUSHER rotation counterbalance valves.	Check counterbalance valve pressure settings for both directions.	adjust counterbalance valve pressure settings.
			Replace counterbalance valve.
	Broken pinion gear or hydraulic motor shaft.	Check pinion gear and hydraulic motor shaft.	Replace pinion gear or hydraulic motor.
Unit will not hold position.	Pressure setting of CRUSHER rotation counterbalance valves.	Check counterbalance valve pressure settings for both directions.	Adjust counterbalance valve pressure settings.
			Replace counterbalance valve.
	Broken pinion gear or hydraulic motor shaft.	Check pinion gear and hydraulic motor shaft.	Replace pinion gear or hydraulic motor.

## **ROTATION**

## IF THE UNIT WILL NOT ROTATE

- 1. Check the rotation circuit hydraulic flow per the chart above.
  - a. If the flow is within specification, install gauges into the rotation hydraulic circuit hose lines.
  - b. Position the attachment so it will not rotate.
  - c. Attempt to rotate the unit in both directions. Each gauge should read 2000 psi (138 bar).
  - d. If 2000 psi (138 bar) is not achieved, adjust the cross-port relief valve cartridges (ma4) on the counterbalance valve (BO).

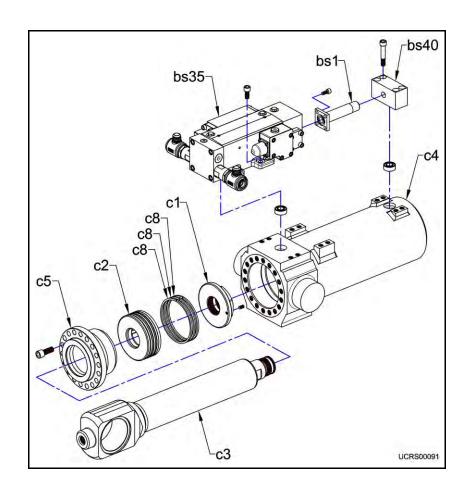


- e. If adjustment is not possible, call the NPK Service Department at (440) 232-7900.
- 2. Check motor shaft and pinion gear.

#### **UNIT WILL NOT HOLD POSITION**

Follow steps 1a through 1e above.

# KEYWORDS FOR COMMON CRUSHER CYLINDER COMPONENTS



bs1	CONNECTOR PIPE
bs35	BOOSTER ASSEMBLY
bs40	BLOCK
c1	CYLINDER ROD NUT
c2	PISTON
сЗ	CYLINDER ROD
c4	CYLINDER MAIN BARREL
c5	CYLINDER END CAP
с8	PISTON RING

"Use Genuine NPK Parts"

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#### BOOM MOUNTED MATERIAL PROCESSORS, CONCRETE CRUSHERS, AND SHEARS

APPLICATION FOR WARRANTY MUST BE MADE WITHIN 30 WORKING DAYS OF FAILURE / REPAIR.

#### BASE WARRANTY (12 months or 1500 hours)

NPK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, INC. ("NPK") warrants that Boom Mounted Material Processors, Concrete Crushers, and Shears sold by NPK will be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months or 1500 operating hours, whichever occurs first. starting from the date of delivery to the first user.

#### THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT APPLY TO:

HYDRAULIC and MOUNTING INSTALLATION KIT PARTS, HOSES, or REPLACEMENT PARTS, which are covered by other warranties.

#### NPK RESPONSIBILITY

part, any warranted part that fails by reason of defective material or workmanship. Such repair or replacement must be performed at the place of business of an authorized NPK Dealer. NPK's warranty covers costs of . Steel mill operation. warranted parts and up to 75% of the authorized dealer's hourly shop rate NPK's WARRANTY SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDES:

#### USER RESPONSIBILITY

- Application for warranty service must be made within 30 days of discovery of a defect covered by this warranty.
- Photos must accompany all warranty claims. These photos can be prints or digital (preferred).
- The installer, user, and operator of the covered equipment is responsible for reading, understanding, and complying with NPK's written INSTAL-LATION, OPERATOR, and SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS.
- The purchaser is responsible for:
- Registering the NPK product with NPK at the time of installation.
- All costs associated with transporting the NPK product, or equipment to which the NPK product is installed, to an authorized NPK Dealer or other authorized location. NPK is not responsible for any expense incurred in field repair.
- Supplying a hydraulic oil sample from the carrier machine upon request
- THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR USING THIS PRODUCT IN A SAFE LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS AND LAWFUL MANNER IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE OSHA, Violation of any federal, provincial, state, or local laws, ordinances, REGULATIONS

#### THESE WARRANTIES DO NOT COVER DEFECTS OR This warranty sets forth NPK's only obligations with respect to any FAILURES RESULTING FROM:

- Normal wear and tear.
- Misuse, abuse, alteration, or improper installation.
- Maintenance, repair, or storage which NPK judges improper.
- Lack of lubrication, improper installation, poor maintenance, or improper operation.
- Exceeding the steel cutter wear limit.
- Failures resulting from Jaw / tooth wear that is beyond the limits as specifled in the NPK Service or instruction Manuals
- Not following the NPK recommended welding procedure.

- Operation after discovery of defective or worn parts.
- NPK will, at its option, either repair or replace, with a new or reconditioned . Unreasonable delay in making a repair after being notified of a potential product problem.
  - Two work-shift per day operation.

# Installations not approved by NPK.

- Repairs performed by anyone other than an authorized NPK
- Dealer Use of parts not sold by NPK. THE USE OF "WILL FIT" PARTS WILL VOID ALL NPK WARRANTIES.
- All wear Items (crusher Jaws/tooth plates/steel cutters).
- Hardface welding to build up wear surfaces.
- · Any attachment or alteration to the crusher Jaws
- Labor hours deemed excessive by NPK
- Shipping charges in excess of those that are usual and customary. (Air freight, unless pre-approved, is not covered.)
- Dutles, brokerage fees, and local taxes.
- · Shop supplies and oil.

\*WARRANTY REPAIRS DO NOT EXTEND THE STANDARD WARRANTY PERIOD.

rules or regulations, or removal or alteration of product serial numbers, vIII vold NPK's warranties

claims of failure, defects, or deficiencies in products sold by NPK NPK MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF THE QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, DURABILITY, MATERIALS, WORKMANSHIP, Failure to perform daily visual inspections as specified in the NPK manu- SUITABILITY, CONDITION, DESIGN, OR UTILITY OF PRODUCTS SOLD BY NPK, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ALL SUCH OTHER WARRANTIES AND REPRESENTATIONS BEING HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. NPK SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITA-TION, COSTS, LOSSES OR LIABILITIES ON ACCOUNT OF DELAY OR DOWNTIME.

> No person is authorized to grant any other warranties or to assume any other liability on NPK's behalf unless made or assumed in writing by an officer of NPK.

Internet: www.npkce.com

As used in this warranty the term NPK means NPK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, INC., WALTON HILLS, OHIO, U.S.A.

"Use Genuine NPK Parts"

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# NPK WARRANTY REPLACEMENT PARTS

#### APPLICATION FOR WARRANTY MUST BE MADE WITHIN 30 WORKING DAYS OF FAILURE / REPAIR.

#### REPLACEMENT PARTS WARRANTY (90 days)

NPK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, INC. ("NPK") warrants that new Replacement Parts sold by NPK will be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of ninety (90) days, starting from the date of installation. NPK Replacement Parts Warranty *does not* cover labor or travel expenses. Note: Unexpired New Product Warranty has priority over Replacement Parts Warranty.

#### THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT APPLY TO:

- Wear items such as upper and lower tool bushings, impact ring, retaining bars and pins.
- Tools (covered under separate Tool Warranty).

#### NPK RESPONSIBILITY

NPK will, at its option, repair or replace with a new or reconditioned part, any warranted part that fails by reason of defective material or workmanship, free of charge delivered at a place of business of an NPK Dealer. Note: Parts replaced under warranty become the property of NPK.

#### USER RESPONSIBILITY

- Photos must accompany all warranties submit ted to NPK. These photos can be 35mm, polaroid, or digital.
- The installer, user, operator, repairer, assumes responsibility to read, understand and comply with NPK's written INSTALLATION, OPERATOR and SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS.
- All labor costs.
- · Any expense incurred by field repair.
- Supplying a hydraulic oil sample from the carrier machine upon request by NPK.

# THESE WARRANTIES DO NOT COVER FAILURES RESULTING FROM:

- Installation, alteration, operation, maintenance, repair or storage which NPK judges improper.
- Not performing DAILY VISUAL INSPECTIONS and/or RETIGHT-ENING of fasteners after initial 20 operating hours after repair.
- Exceeding the tool and/or tool bushing wear limit.
- Underwater operation.
- · Operation after discovery of defective or worn parts
- Unreasonable delay in making a repair after being notified of a potential product problem.

#### THESE WARRANTIES SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDE:

- Installations not approved by NPK.
- Replacement due to normal wear
- Use of parts not sold by NPK. THE USE OF "WILL FIT" PARTS WILL VOID ALL NPK WARRANTIES.
- Parts shipping charges in excess of those which are usual and customary. (Air freight, unless pre-approved, will not be covered.)
- Duties, brokerage fees, and local taxes.

# WARRANTY REPAIRS DO NOT EXTEND THE STANDARD WARRANTY PERIOD.

#### LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Violation of any federal, provincial, state or local laws, ordinances, rules or regulations, or removal or alteration of product serial numbers void NPK's written product warranties. Application for warranty must be made within 30 days of failure / repair.

## THIS PRODUCT MUST BE USED IN A SAFE AND LAWFUL MANNER IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE OSHA REGULATIONS.

The written product warranties made by NPK set forth NPK's only obligations with respect to any claims of failure, defects or deficiencies in products sold by NPK. NPK MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF THE QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, DURABILITY, MATERIALS, WORKMANSHIP, SUITABILITY, CONDITION, DESIGN OR UTILITY OF PRODUCTS SOLD BY NPK, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS, ALL SUCH OTHER WARRANTIES AND REPRESENTATIONS BEING HEREBY EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED. NPK SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, COSTS, LOSSES OR LIABILITIES ON ACCOUNT OF DELAY OR DOWNTIME.

# DISCLAIMER REGARDING OTHER REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES

No person is authorized to grant any other warranties or to assume any other liability on NPK's behalf unless made or assumed in writing by an officer of NPK. No person is authorized to grant any warranties or to assume any liabilities on the seller's behalf unless made or assumed in writing by the seller.

Internet: www.npkce.com

As used in this warranty the term NPK means NPK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, INC., WALTON HILLS, OHIO, U.S.A

# **NOTES**

NPK SECONDARY CONCRETE CRUSHER	
MODEL NUMBER	
SERIAL NUMBER	
NPK INSTALLATION KIT NUMBER	
EXCAVATOR MANUFACTURER	
MODEL NUMBER	
SERIES	
SERIAL NUMBER	
DATE OF INSTALLATION	
DATE OF 20 HOUR INSPECTION WARRANTY	REGISTRATION SENT
SERVICE RECORD	
	DATE